

C/O PAULA

Access DB#

97097

SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: Maury Audet Examiner #: 79808
 Art Unit: 1654 Phone Number: 305-5039
 Mail Box & Bldg/Room Locat.: CM1-11D13; 11D04 Results Format Preferred: PAPER

Date:

6/22/03

Serial Number:

09734583

If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.

 Please provide a detailed statement of the search topic, and describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or utility of the invention. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc, if known. Please attach a copy of the cover sheet, pertinent claims, and abstract.

Title of Invention: _____

Inventors (please provide full names): _____

Earliest Priority Filing Date: 6/20/00 ^{\$ 60 w/}

[BIBSHEET SHOWS EARLIER CIP DATES BACK TO 6/14/99 BUT STRUCTURES WERE NEW @ 12/13/00 FILING
 For Sequence Searches Only Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the appropriate serial number.

1) Please search CLAIM 15, starting w/ elected species (8th of 10 listed). The (CS)-Gp*-The (D)-Tyr-Lys-Thr-Lys-~~The (B)-Gp*-The (D)-Tyr-Lys-Thr-Lys~~

2) If do not find structure above, please search other 7/10 structures in claim 15 [all 7-9 mers].

* NOTE: Core 4-mer running through all 10 structures (Phe-Tyr-Tyr-Lys)

3) Please do Inventor search alongside.

* All peptides are CYCLICIZED (not linear).
 but if any linear show up, include in as well in search report!

* All are analogs of 14-mer seratostatin.

TX

MAURY

WRONG
 Error
 there out

STAFF USE ONLY

Searcher: Sherman
 Searcher Phone #: 308-4499

Searcher Location: _____

Date Searcher Picked Up: _____

Date Completed: 6/20/03

Searcher Prep & Review Time: _____

Clerical Prep Time: _____

Online Time: _____

Type of Search

NA Sequence (#) _____
 AA Sequence (#) _____
 Structure (#) _____
 Bibliographic _____
 Litigation _____
 Fulltext _____
 Patent Family _____
 Other _____

Vendors and cost where applicable

STN _____
 Dialog _____
 Questel/Orbit _____
 Dr.Link _____
 Lexis/Nexis _____
 Sequence Systems _____
 WWW/Internet _____
 Other (specify) _____

List of Amino Acid Abbreviations Annotated as "Xxx"

Three letter abbr.	Name
Aaa	alpha-amino acid
Aad	2-aminoadipic acid (2-aminohexanedioic acid)
Aan	alpha-asparagine
Abu	2-aminobutanoic acid
Aca	2-aminocaproic acid (2-aminodecanoic acid)
Agn	alpha-glutamine
Aib	alpha-aminoisobutyric acid (2-aminoalanine)
Apm	2-aminopimelic acid (2-aminoheptanedioic acid)
App	gamma-amino-beta-hydroxybenzenepentanoic acid
Asu	2-aminosuberic acid (2-aminooctanedioic acid)
Aze	2-carboxyazetidine
Bal	beta-alanine
Bas	beta-aspartic acid
Bly	3,6-diaminohexanoic acid (beta-lysine)
Bua	butanoic acid
Bux	4-amino-3-hydroxybutanoic acid
Cap	gamma-amino-beta-hydroxycyclohexanepentanoic acid)
Cit	N5-aminocarbonylornithine
Cya	3-sulfoalanine
Dab	2,4-diaminobutanoic acid
Dpm	diaminopimelic acid
Dpr	2,3-diaminopropanoic acid
Dsu	2,7-diaminosuberic acid (2,7-diaminooctanedioic acid)
Edc	S-ethylthiocysteine
Ggu	gamma-glutamic acid
Gla	gamma-carboxyglutamic acid
Glc	hydroxyacetic acid (glycolic acid)
Glp	pyroglutamic acid
Har	homoarginine
Hcy	homocysteine
Hhs	homohistidine
Hiv	2-hydroxyisobutyric acid
Hse	homoserine
Hva	2-hydroxypentanoic acid
Hyl	5-hydroxylysine
Hyp	4-hydroxyproline
Inc	2-carboxyoctahydroindole
Iqc	3-carboxyisoquinoline
Iva	isovaline
Lac	2-hydroxypropanoic acid (lactic acid)
Maa	mercaptoacetic acid
Mba	mercaptobutanoic acid
Mhp	4-methyl-3-hydroxyproline
Mpa	mercaptopropanoic acid
Nle	norleucine
Nty	nortyrosine
Nva	norvaline
Oaa	omega-amino acid
Orn	ornithine

=> fil hcaplus

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:05:15 ON 19 JUN 2003

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 19 Jun 2003 VOL 138 ISS 25
FILE LAST UPDATED: 18 Jun 2003 (20030618/ED)

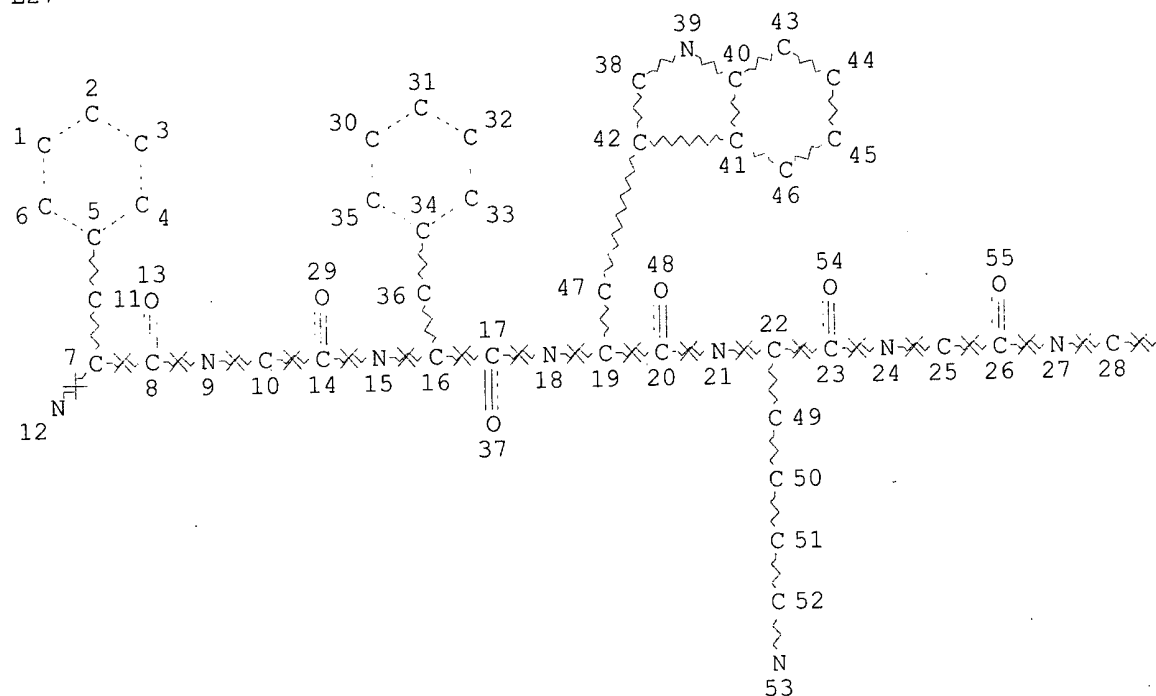
This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

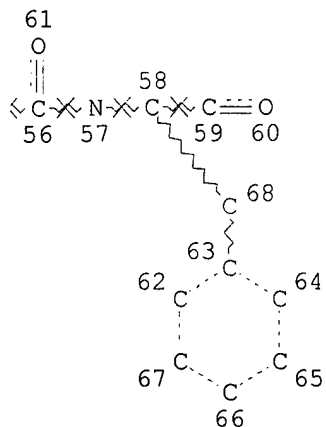
=>

=>

=> d stat que 134

L27 STR





Page 1-B

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	7
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	8
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	9
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	10
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	12
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	14
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	15
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	16
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	17
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	18
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	19
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	20
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	21
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	22
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	23
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	24
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	25
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	26
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	27
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	28
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	56
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	57
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	58
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	59

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

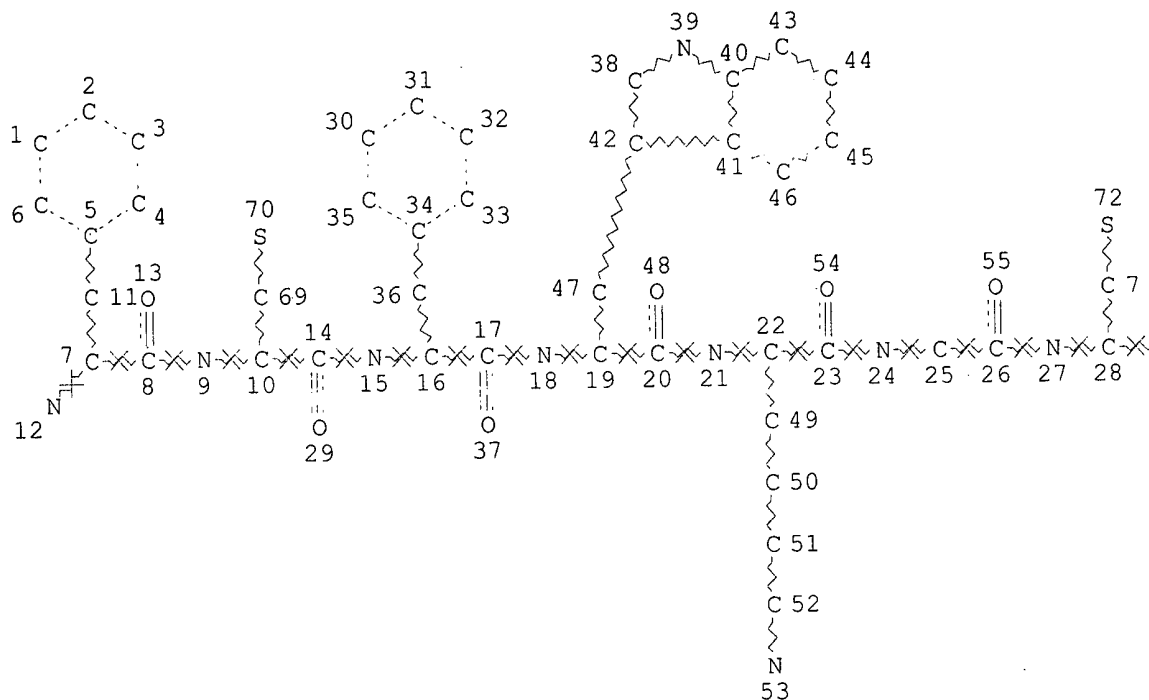
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 68

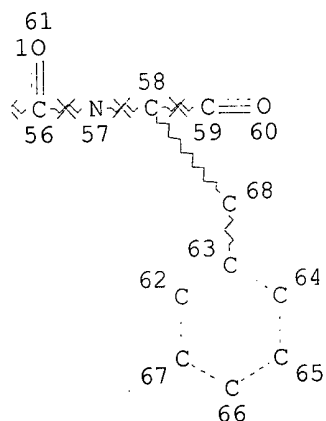
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L29 221 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L27

L32 STR



Page 1-A



Page 1-B

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	7
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	8
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	9
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	10
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	12
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	14
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	15
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	16
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	17
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	18
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	19
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	20
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	21
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	22
NSPEC	IS	RC	AT	23

NSPEC IS RC AT 24
 NSPEC IS RC AT 25
 NSPEC IS RC AT 26
 NSPEC IS RC AT 27
 NSPEC IS RC AT 28
 NSPEC IS RC AT 56
 NSPEC IS RC AT 57
 NSPEC IS RC AT 58
 NSPEC IS RC AT 59
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
 RSPEC 62 34 5
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 72

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
 L33 9 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L29 SSS FUL L32
 L34 8 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L33

=>
=>

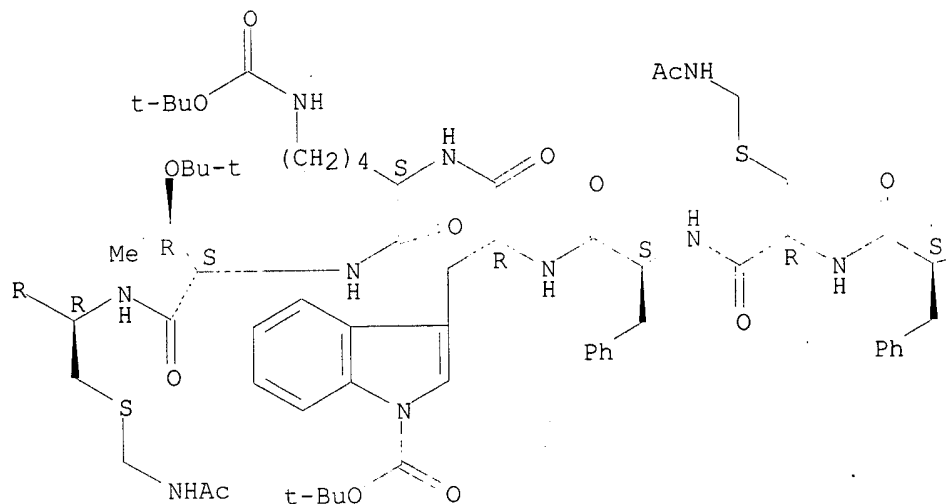
=> d ibib abs hitstr 134 1-8

L34 ANSWER 1 OF 8 HCAPLUS, COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:827035 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:210716
 TITLE: A bicyclic and Hsst2 selective somatostatin analogue:
 design, synthesis, conformational analysis and binding
 AUTHOR(S): Falb, Eliezer; Salitra, Yoseph; Yechezkel, Tamar;
 Bracha, Moshe; Litman, Pninit; Olender, Roberto;
 Rosenfeld, Rakefet; Senderowitz, Hanoch; Jiang,
 Shaokai; Goodman, Murray
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Peptor Ltd., Rehovot, 76326, Israel
 SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry (2001), 9(12),
 3255-3264
 CODEN: BMECEP; ISSN: 0968-0896
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 AB A backbone bridged and disulfide bridged bicyclic somatostatin analog,
 compd. 1 (PTR-3205), was designed and synthesized by solid-phase methodol.
 The binding of compd. 1 to the five different somatostatin receptors,
 expressed in CHO or COS-7 cells, indicate a high degree of selectivity
 towards hsstr2. The three-dimensional structure of this compd. has been
 detd. in DMSO-d6 and in water by 1H NMR and by mol. dynamics simulations.
 Similar backbone conformations were obsd. in both solvents. The authors
 have established direct evidence that the backbone of this bicyclic
 somatostatin analog assumes a 'folded' conformation in soln., where the
 lactam ring extends roughly in the plane of the .beta.-turn. The
 pharmacophoric region Phe-(d)-Trp-Lys-Thr of compd. 1 is in accord with
 that of both the Veber compd. L-363,301 (Merck) and sandostatin. The
 authors believe that the enhanced selectivity towards the hsst2 receptor,
 in comparison with other analogs, is due to its large hydrophobic region,
 composed of the lactam ring and the Phe side chains at positions 1 and 8.
 IT 401912-42-3DP, resin bound
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (bicyclic and hsst2 selective somatostatin analog: design, synthesis,
 conformational anal. and binding)
 RN 401912-42-3 HCAPLUS

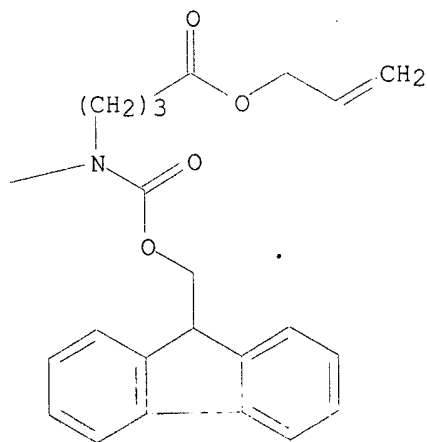
CN L-Phenylalaninamide, N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]-N-[4-oxo-4-(2-propenyloxy)butyl]-L-phenylalanyl-S-[(acetylamino)methyl]-L-cysteinyl-L-phenylalanyl-1-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-(D-tryptophyl-N6-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-lysyl-O-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-L-threonyl-S-[(acetylamino)methyl]-L-cysteinyl-N.alpha.-[3-[(2-propenyloxy)carbonyl]amino]propyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

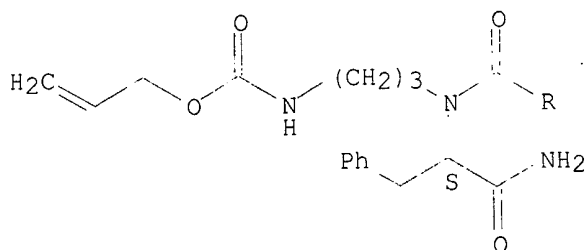
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 2-A



REFERENCE COUNT: 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L34 ANSWER 2 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:396636 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:208607

TITLE: Somatostatin receptor antagonists based on a mixed neuromedin B antagonist/somatostatin agonist
AUTHOR(S): Coy, David H.; Jain, Rahul; Murphy, William A.; Rossowski, Wojciech J.; Fuselier, Joseph; Taylor, John E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Peptide Research Laboratories, Department of Medicine, Tulane University Medical Center, New Orleans, LA, 70112, USA

SOURCE: Peptides: Frontiers of Peptide Science, Proceedings of the American Peptide Symposium, 15th, Nashville, June 14-19, 1997 (1999), Meeting Date 1997, 526-529.
Editor(s): Tam, James P.; Kaumaya, Pravin T. P.
Kluwer: Dordrecht, Neth.
CODEN: 67UCAR

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference

LANGUAGE: English

AB The somatostatin-antagonizing activities are reported for 19 analogs of D-Nal-Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys-Nal-NH₂. The high potencies in this type of type-2 receptor-specific somatostatin antagonists reside in the use of optimized arom. amino acid structures in positions 1 and 8. It was thought that the ability of these side-chains to form .pi.-.pi. complexes might offer an explanation for these results. However, mol. modeling studies in progress on these octapeptides suggest little possibility that this occurs. The D-Cys₂ residue appears to force rotation of the position 1 side chains so that they protrude in the opposite direction to agonist side-chains with the remainder of the mol. being little changed. This may be the reason for their antagonist properties.

IT 243470-72-6

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (somatostatin receptor antagonists based on a mixed neuromedin B antagonist/somatostatin agonist)

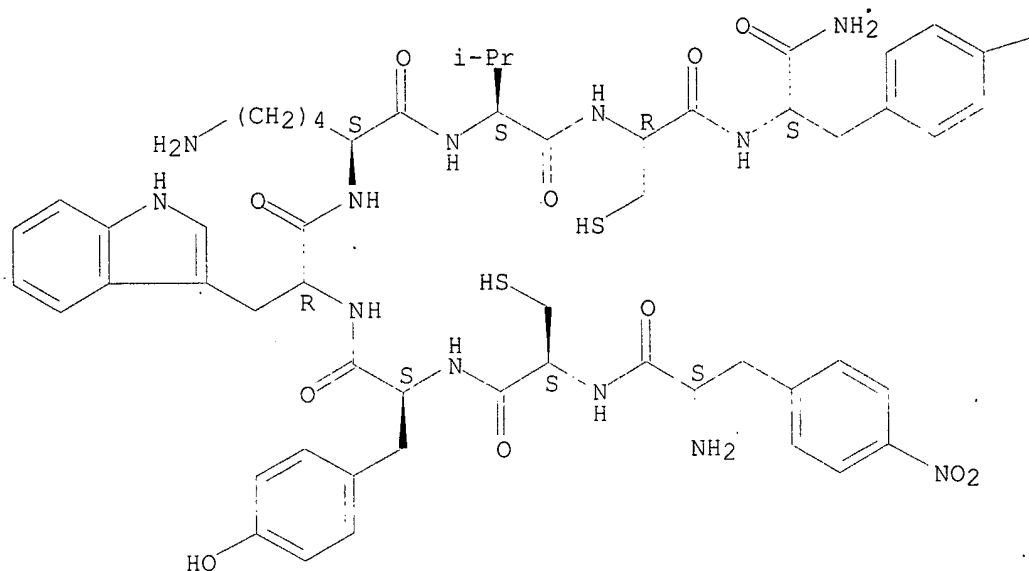
RN 243470-72-6 HCAPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, 4-nitro-L-phenylalanyl-D-cysteinyl-L-tyrosyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-valyl-L-cysteinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

poss.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

—OH

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L34 ANSWER 3 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997.776177 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:33788
 TITLE: Modulating the activity of hormones or their receptors
 - peptides, antibodies, vaccines and uses thereof
 INVENTOR(S): Gerraty, Norman L.; Westbrook, Simon L.; Kingston,
 David J.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Northstar Biologicals Pty. Ltd., Australia; Gerraty,
 Norman L.; Westbrook, Simon L.; Kingston, David J.
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 139 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9744352	A1	19971127	WO 1997-AU312	<u>19970522</u>
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 9727575	A1	19971209	AU 1997-27575	19970522
AU 738528	B2	20010920		
CN 1226896	A	19990825	CN 1997-196524	19970522

102(b)

BR 9709038 A 20000104 BR 1997-9038 19970522
 EP 1012171 A1 20000628 EP 1997-921529 19970522
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
 IE, FI
 NZ 332926 A 20000825 NZ 1997-332926 19970522
 JP 2000512130 T2 20000919 JP 1997-541271 19970522
 NZ 337256 A 20010427 NZ 1997-337256 19970522
 US 2002107187 A1 20020808 US 2001-758128 20010112
 US 2002169116 A1 20021114 US 2001-758426 20010112
 US 2002187925 A1 20021212 US 2001-758198 20010112
 US 2003045676 A1 20030306 US 2001-861661 20010522

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

AU 1996-9990 A 19960522
 NZ 1997-332926 A1 19970522
 WO 1997-AU312 W 19970522
 US 1999-194218 B3 19990205

AB This invention relates to immunogenic, non-naturally occurring peptides and immunol. reactive mols. derived from animal hormone, carrier protein, hormone binding protein or hormone receptor wherein the peptide is capable of eliciting antibodies to modulate the activity of hormone or receptor in vivo. These peptides are based on e.g. portions of somatostatin, somatostatin receptors and insulin-like growth factor binding protein. Methods of modulating hormonal activity in an animal to increase prodn. of fiber or milk are disclosed. Comps. and vaccine comprising these peptides are also contemplated.

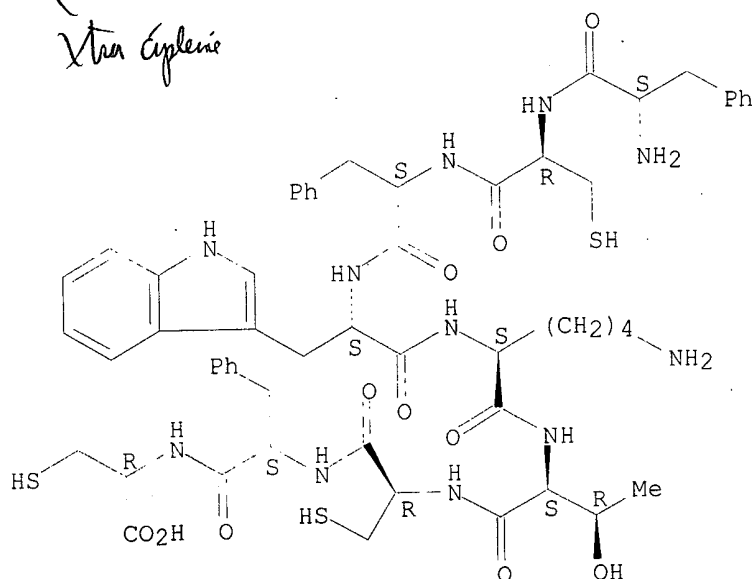
IT 199800-54-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (peptides, antibodies, vaccines for modulating hormones or hormone receptor activity in animal)

RN 199800-54-9 HCAPLUS

CN L-Cysteine, L-phenylalanyl-L-cysteinyl-L-phenylalanyl-(L)-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-threonyl-L-cysteinyl-L-phenylalanyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L34 ANSWER 4 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:450777 HCAPLUS
 Correction of: 1987:96459
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:50777

Correction of: 106:96459

TITLE: Synthesis and evaluation of activities of octapeptide analogs of somatostatin

AUTHOR(S): Cai, Ren Zhi; Szoke, Balazs; Fu, Dadin; Redding, Tommie W.; Colaluca, John; Torres-Aleman, I.; Schally, Andrew V.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Med. Cent., Tulane Univ., New Orleans, LA, 70146, USA

SOURCE: Pept.: Struct. Funct., Proc. Am. Pept. Symp., 9th (1985), 627-30
CODEN: 54ZNAJ

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference

LANGUAGE: English

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

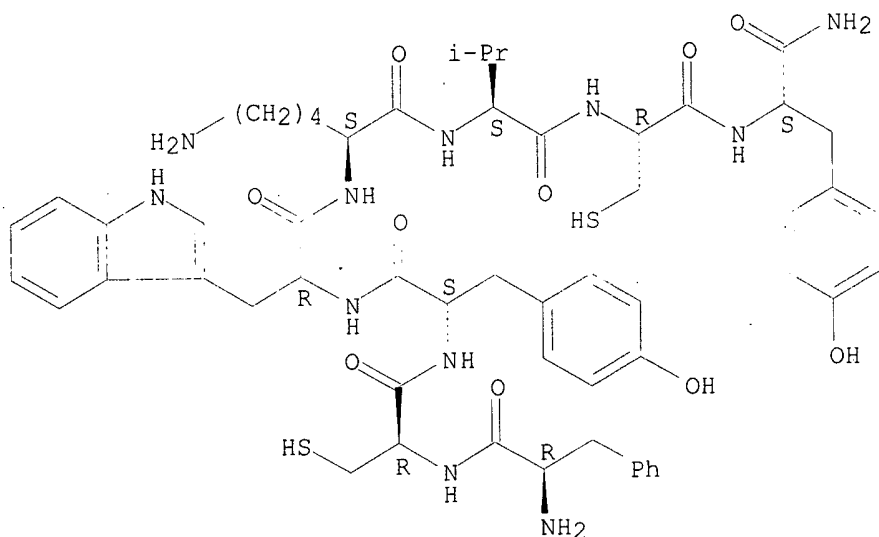
AB The growth hormone (GH) secretion inhibiting activity of somatostatin-14 and 17 octapeptide analogs was presented and related to structure. The most active compd. RC121 (I), was 200-fold more inhibitory than somatostatin-14 on GH secretion. The activities of the analogs indicate the importance of the C- and N-terminal residues, esp. the C-terminal residue hydroxyl group. Other biol. activities of the analogs were also briefly discussed.

IT 103222-04-4
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(growth hormone release inhibition by, structure in relation to)

RN 103222-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, D-phenylalanyl-L-cysteinyl-L-tyrosyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-valyl-L-cysteinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L34 ANSWER 5 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:515974 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:115974

TITLE: Biologically active lysine-containing octapeptides

INVENTOR(S): Schally, Andrew V.; Cai, Ren Zhi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tulane Educational Fund, Inc., USA

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 33 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 203031	A2	19861126	EP 1986-810174	19860415
EP 203031	A3	19880921		
EP 203031	B1	19920729		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
US 4650787	A	19870317	US 1985-727105	19850425
US 4725577	A	19880216	US 1986-843539	19860328
AT 78831	E	19920815	AT 1986-810174	19860415
AU 8656338	A1	19861030	AU 1986-56338	19860417
AU 600895	B2	19900830		
DK 8601854	A	19861026	DK 1986-1854	19860422
CA 1333646	A1	19941220	CA 1986-507490	19860424
JP 61293997	A2	19861224	JP 1986-97834	19860425
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1985-727105	19850425
			US 1986-843539	19860328
			EP 1986-810174	19860415

GI

$$R-X-X^1-X^2-Lys-X^3-X^4-R^1 \quad I$$

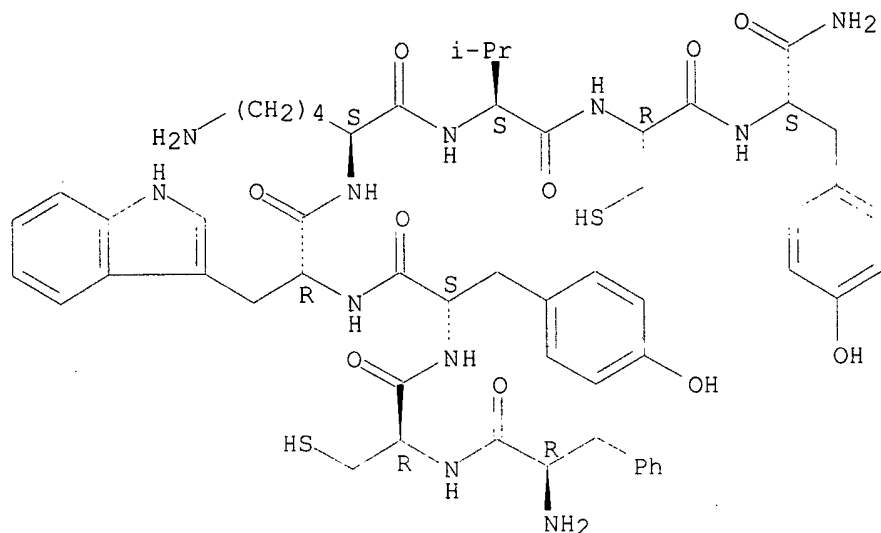
AB The octapeptide somatostatin analogs (I; R = (acetylated) L-, D- or DL-amino acid residue selected from H-Ala, H-Val, H-Phe, p-chlorophenylalanyl, H-Trp, H-Pro, H-Ser, H-Thr, H-Tyr, H-Glu, H-.beta.-Ala, H-Abu, MeAla, 5-halotryptophanyl; R¹ = L-, D-, or DL-amino acid amide residue selected from Thr-NH₂, Val-NH₂, (hydroxy)Pro-NH₂, Ser-NH₂, 5-fluoro- or formyltryptophanamide residue, Ala-NH₂, Gly-NH₂, MeAla-NH₂; X, X⁴ = L- or D- Cys, Abu, Asp, Lys; X¹ = Phe, Tyr; X² = L-, D-, or DL-5-halotryptophan residue; X³ = Thr, Val; Abu = .alpha.-aminobutyric acid residue) and pharmaceutically acceptable salts, useful as growth hormone inhibitors, for treatment of gastrointestinal disorders, cancer therapy, and the management of diabetes, were prepd. by the solid-phase method using a benzhydrylamine resin. I in vivo were more potent inhibitors of growth hormone and insulin release than somatostatin-14 in rats.

IT **103222-04-4P**
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. and cyclization of, somatostatin analog from)

RN 103222-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, D-phenylalanyl-L-cysteinyl-L-tyrosyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-valyl-L-cysteinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L34 ANSWER 6 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:472825 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:72825

TITLE: Synthesis and biological activity of highly potent

octapeptide analogs of somatostatin

AUTHOR(S): Cai, R. Z.; Szoke, B.; Lu, R.; Fu, D.; Redding, T. W.; Schally, A. V.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Med., Tulane Univ., New Orleans, LA, 70146, USA

SOURCE: Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (1986), 83(6), 1896-900

CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB In the search for selective and long-acting analogs of somatostatin, nearly 200 compds. were synthesized by solid-phase methods, purified, and tested biol. Among these octapeptides, some contained N-terminal D-Phe, Ac-D-Phe, or AcPhe followed by hexapeptide sequences Cys-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Cys or Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys and Thr-NH₂ or Trp-NH₂ as C-terminal residues. (Cyclo 2-7)-D-Phe-Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys-Thr-NH₂ (I) [99660-13-6] and (cyclo 2-7)-D-Phe-Cys-Tyr-D-Trp-Lys-Val-Cys-Trp-NH₂ (II) [103222-11-3] were 177 times and 113 times more potent, resp., than somatostatin in tests for inhibition of growth hormone [9002-72-6] release. These 2 octapeptides contg. tyrosine and valine in positions 3 and 6, resp., were more active and more selective than their Ph-3 and Thr-6 counterparts, (cyclo 2-7)-D-Phe-Cys-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-thr-Cys-Thr-NH₂ [99685-66-2] and (cyclo 2-7)-D-Phe-Cys-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Cys-Trp-NH₂ [103222-10-2]. I was also .apprx.6 times more potent than its L-Trp-4 diastereoisomer [103222-07-7]. The analogs I, and II showed a prolonged duration of action and inhibited growth hormone release for at least 3 h. Analogs of both Phe-3/Thr-6 and Tyr-3/Val-6 classes also suppressed the release of insulin [9004-10-8] and glucagon [9007-92-5] in rats and pentagastrin-induced secretion of gastric acid in dogs, but their potencies in these tests were much smaller than the growth-hormone-release inhibitory activity. Some of these analogs possessed antitumor activities as shown by the inhibition of growth of animal models of prostate, mammary, and ductal pancreatic tumors.

IT 103222-04-4 103527-39-5 103548-91-0

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(growth hormone secretion inhibition by, mol. structure in relation to)

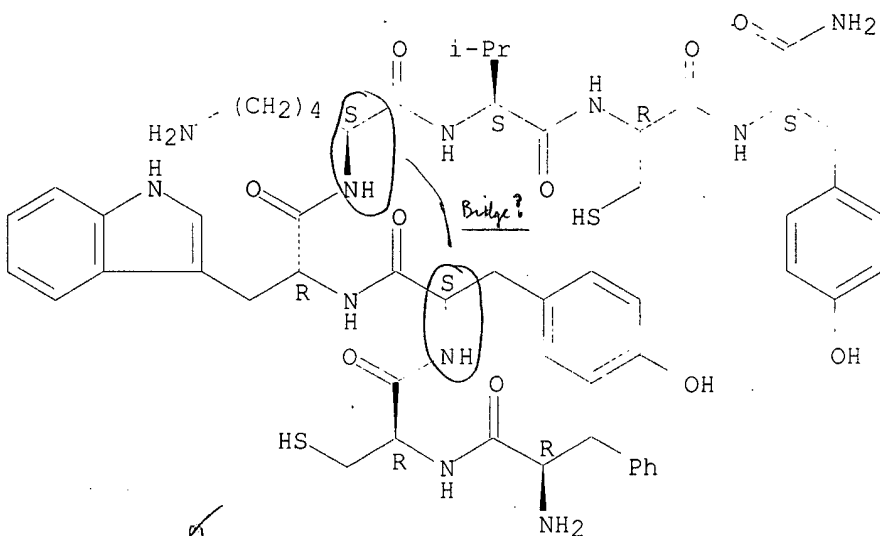
O lead

N cyclophosph

RN 103222-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, D-phenylalanyl-L-cysteinyl-L-tyrosyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-valyl-L-cysteinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



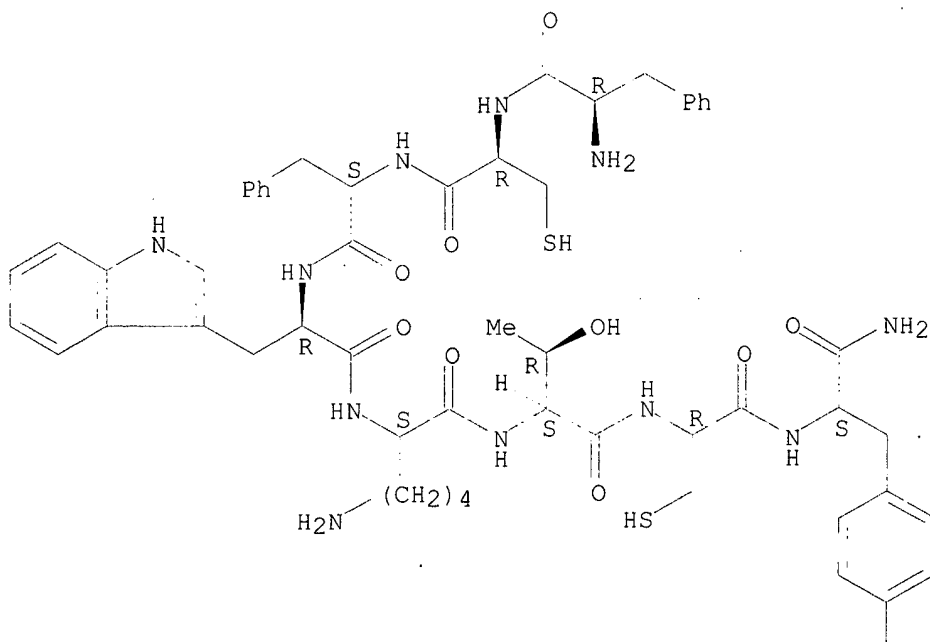
RN 103527-39-5 HCAPLUS

CN L-Tyrosinamide, D-phenylalanyl-L-cysteinyl-L-phenylalanyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-threonyl-L-cysteinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

no file

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

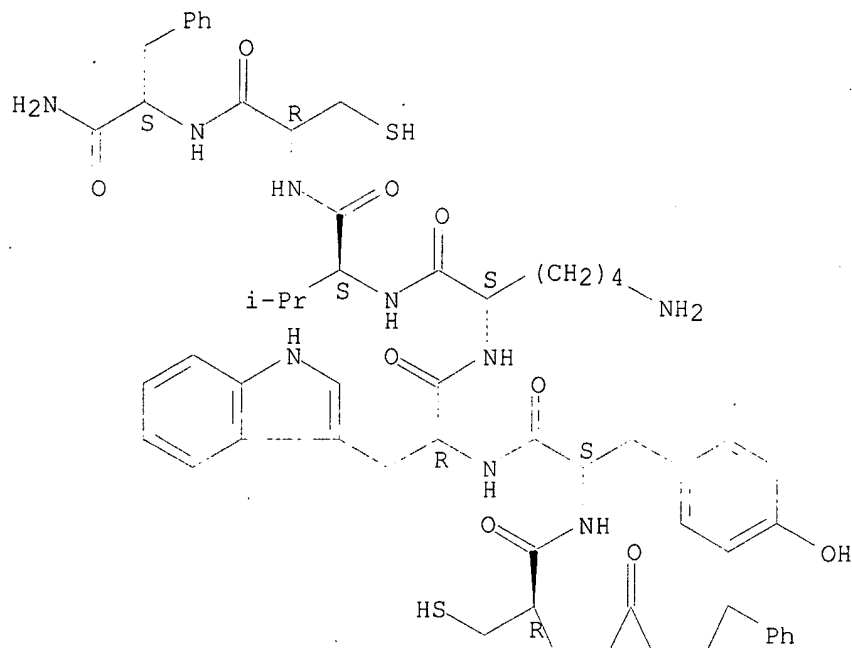
OH

RN 103548-91-0 HCAPLUS

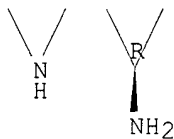
CN L-Phenylalaninamide, D-phenylalanyl-L-cysteinyl-L-tyrosyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-valyl-L-cysteinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



L34 ANSWER 7 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:438833 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:38833
 TITLE: Nonapeptide anti-secretory agents
 INVENTOR(S): Sarantakis, Dimitrios
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Home Products Corp., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 4 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4440904	A	19840403	US 1983-462168	19830131
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1983-462168	19830131

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Nonapeptides I (X = His, D-His, Lys, Arg; X1 = Phe, D-Phe, Tyr, Trp, Leu, Met, His, Glu, Asp; X2 = Phe, Tyr, Trp, Leu, Met; X3 = Trp, D-Trp; X4 = Thr, Val, NHCH₂CO; X5 = Phe, D-Phe, Tyr, Trp, Leu, Met, Ser, Thr) were prepd. as inhibitors of growth hormone (GH) release and anti-secretory agents which act as H₂-receptor antagonists. Thus, Me₃CO₂C-His(CO₂CH₂Ph)-Tyr(CH₂C₆H₃Cl₂-2,6)-Cys(MBzl)-Phe-D-Trp-Lys(CO₂CH₂C₆H₄Cl-2)-Thr(CH₂Ph)-Cys(MBzl)-Phe-O-resin (MBzl = CH₂C₆H₄OMe-4) was prepd. by the solid-phase method and then it was resin cleaved and deblocked by HF/anisole and then oxidized by K₃Fe(CN)₆ to give nonapeptide II. II at 200 mg/kg inhibited GH release in rats with a potency similar to that of somatostatin; II at 2 mg/kg decreased gastric acid output in rats by 73%.

IT 90773-79-8DP, resin-bound

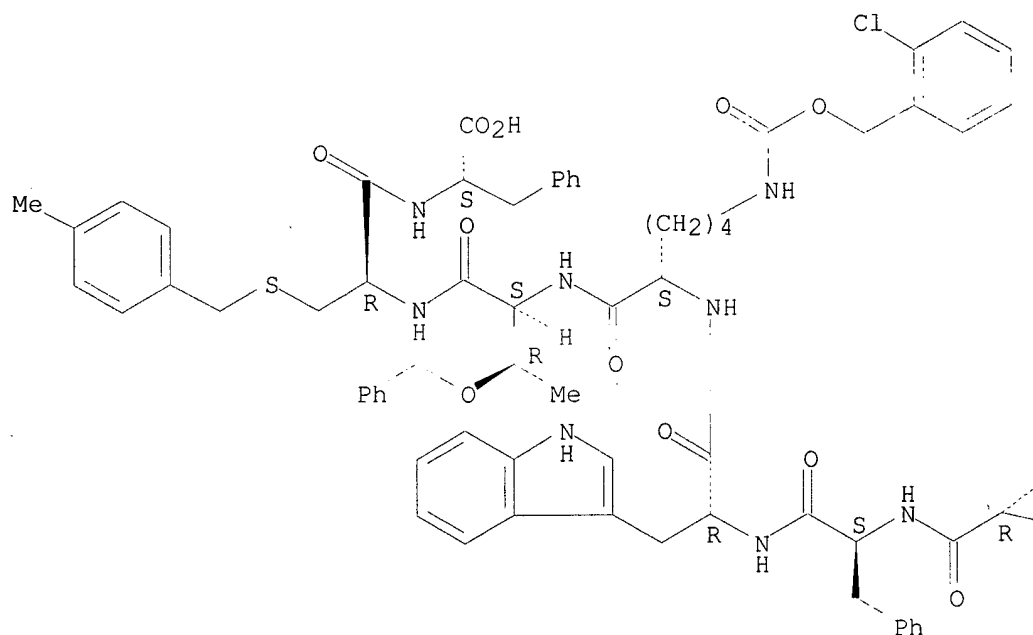
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and resin cleavage-deblocking of)

RN 90773-79-8 HCAPLUS

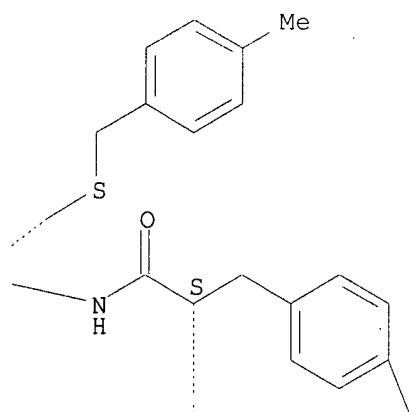
CN L-Phenylalanine, N-[N-[N-[N6-[(2-chlorophenyl)methoxy]carbonyl]-N2-[N-[N-[N-[O-[(2,6-dichlorophenyl)methyl]-N-[N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-1-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-histidyl]-L-tyrosyl]-S-[(4-methylphenyl)methyl]-L-cysteinyl]-L-phenylalanyl]-D-tryptophyl]-L-lysyl]-O-(phenylmethyl)-L-threonyl]-S-[(4-methylphenyl)methyl]-L-cysteinyl]- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

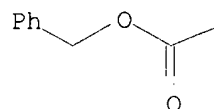
PAGE 1-A



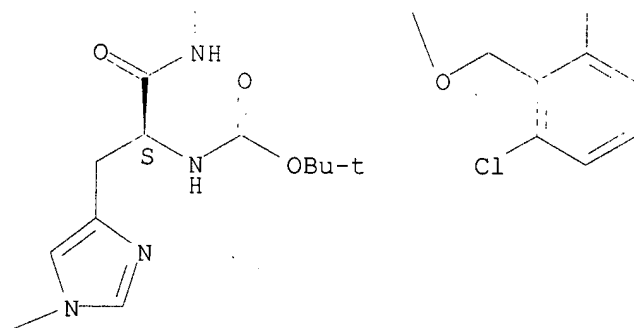
PAGE 1-B



PAGE 2-A



PAGE 2-B



L34 ANSWER (8) OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981-587683 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:187683
 TITLE: Octapeptides lowering growth hormone
 INVENTOR(S): Sarantakis, Dimitrios
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Home Products Corp., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 4 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4282143	A	19810804	US 1980-159327	19800613
US 4328135	A	19820504	US 1981-233813	19810212
			US 1980-159327	19800613

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB R-Cys(R1)-X-X1-Lys-X2-Cys(R2)-R3 (I; R = H-Phe, H-D-Phe, PhCH2CH2CO; R1 = R2 = H, R1R2 = bond; X = Phe, Tyr, Trp, Met, Leu; X1 = Trp, D-Trp; X2 = Thr, Val, NHCH2CO, Phe; R3 = Phe-OH, D-Phe-OH, NHCH2CH2Ph) were prepd. I inhibited the release of growth hormone (GH) without materially altering blood serum levels of glucagon or insulin. Thus, Me3CO2C-Phe-Cys(MBzl)-Phe-D-Trp-Lys(CO2CH2C6H4Cl-2)-Thr(CH2Ph)-Cys(MBzl)-D-Phe-OCH2-resin (MBzl = CH2C6H4OMe-p) was prepd. by the stepwise solid-phase method and then it was resin cleaved and deblocked by HF/anisole to give the linear octapeptide, which was cyclized by oxidn. with K3Fe(CN)6 to give octapeptide cyclic disulfide II. II at 20 .mu.g/kg (s.c.) lowered blood serum levels of GH in rats from 277 mg/mL to 56 ng/mL without significantly altering the levels of glucagon or insulin.

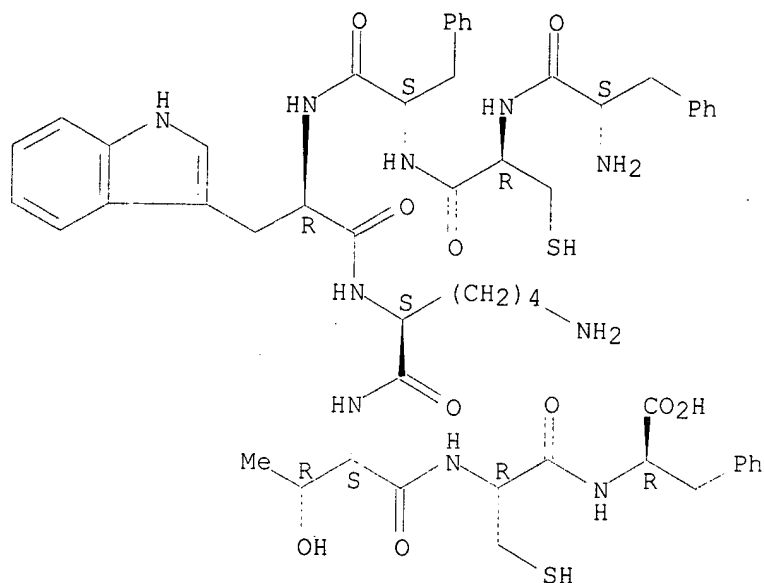
IT 79698-23-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. and oxidative cyclization of)

RN 79698-23-0 HCAPLUS

CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[N-[N2-[N-[N-(N-L-phenylalanyl-L-cysteinyl)-L-phenylalanyl]-D-tryptophyl]-L-lysyl]-L-threonyl]-L-cysteinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 79698-21-8DP, resin-bound

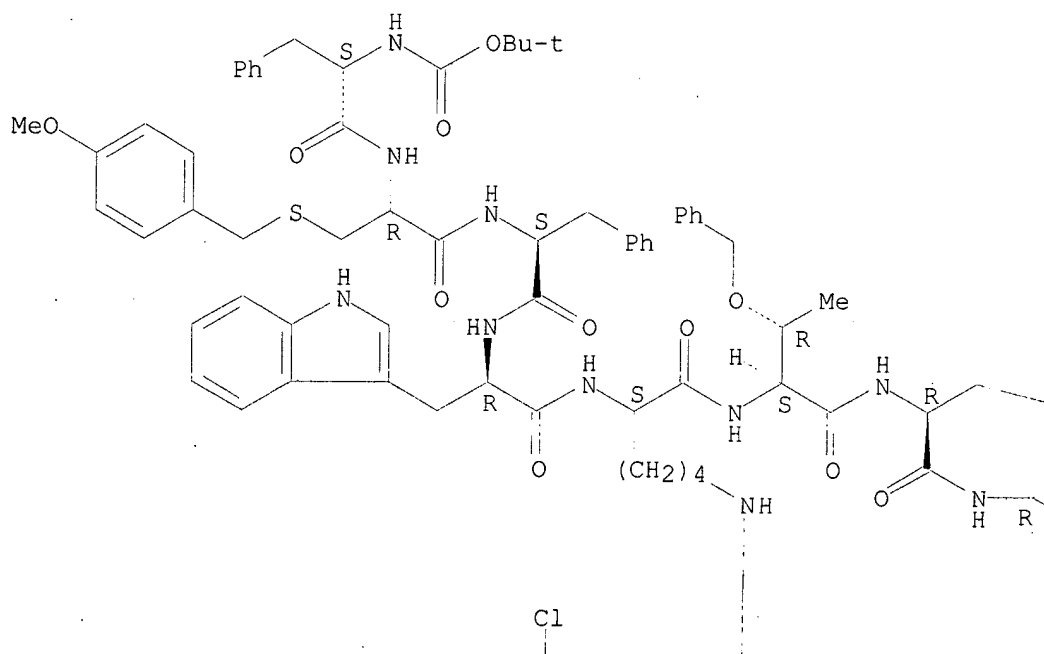
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and resin-cleavage and deblocking of)

RN 79698-21-8 HCAPL/S

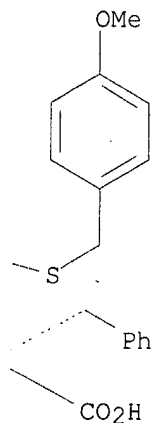
CN D-Phenylalanine, N-[N-[N-[N6-[(2-chlorophenyl)methoxy]carbonyl]-N2-[N-[N-[N-[N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-phenylalanyl]-S-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-L-cysteinyl]-L-phenylalanyl]-D-tryptophyl]-L-lysyl]-O-(phenylmethyl)-L-threonyl]-S-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-L-cysteinyl]-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry

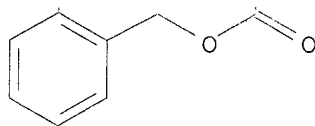
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 2-A



=>
=>

=> fil caold

FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 18:05:41 ON 19 JUN 2003

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE COVERS 1907-1966

FILE LAST UPDATED: 01 May 1997 (19970501/UP)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification. Title keywords, authors, patent assignees, and patent information, e.g., patent numbers, are now searchable from 1907-1966. TIFF images of CA abstracts printed between 1907-1966 are available in the PAGE display formats.

This file supports REGISTRY for direct browsing and searching of all substance data from the REGISTRY file. Enter HELP FIRST for more information.

=> s 133

L35

0 L33

=> fil reg

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:08:00 ON 19 JUN 2003
 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
 PLEASE SEE "HELP_USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
 COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file
 provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 18 JUN 2003 HIGHEST RN 533863-98-8
 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 18 JUN 2003 HIGHEST RN 533863-98-8

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2003

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when
 conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP
 PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties
 in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=>

=>

=> fil hcaplus

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:11:50 ON 19 JUN 2003
 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
 PLEASE SEE "HELP_USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
 COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is
 held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available
 for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December
 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications.
 The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the
 the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching
 databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing
 of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is
 strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 19 Jun 2003 VOL 138 ISS 25
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 18 Jun 2003 (20030618/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate
 substance identification.

=>

=>

=> d stat que 138 nos

L27	STR
L29	221 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L27
L32	STR
L33	9 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L29 SSS FUL L32
L34	8 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L33
L36	33 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON FCFWKTCF/SQSP
L37	29 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L36 NOT L33

L38 13 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L37 NOT L34

=>
=>

=> d ibib fhitseq l38 1-13

L38 ANSWER 1 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:615640 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:165559
TITLE: Backbone cyclized radiolabelled somatostatin analogs
INVENTOR(S): Bonasera, Thomas A.; Livnah, Nurit; Yechezkel, Tamar;
Salitra, Yoseph
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Peptor Ltd., Israel
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 104 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002062819	A2	20020815	WO 2002-IL91	20020204

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,
TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,
CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,
BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: IL 2001-141276 A 20010205

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:165559

IT 446311-40-6DP, complexes with Indium and DTPA

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation);

BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(backbone cyclized radiolabeled somatostatin analogs as potential
imaging and therapeutic agents)

RN 446311-40-6 HCAPLUS

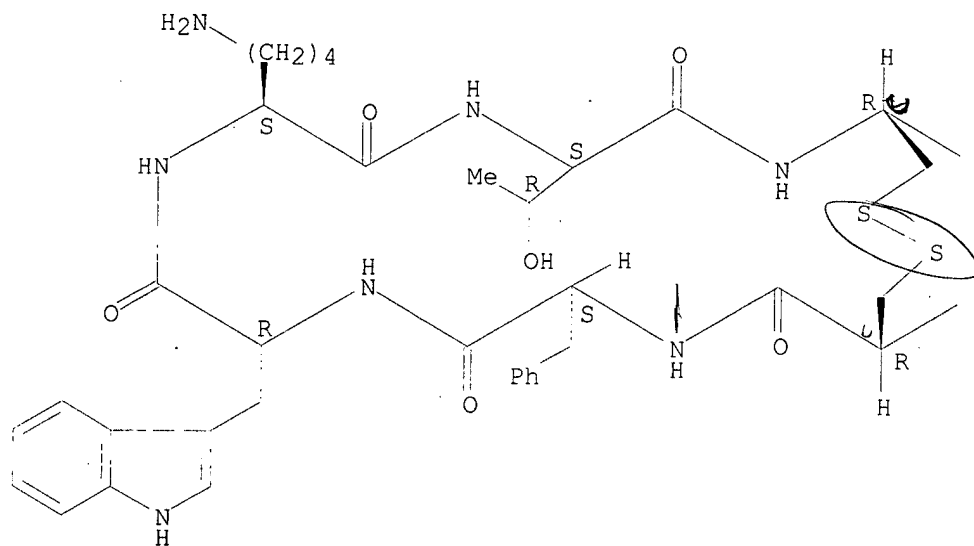
CN L-Phenylalaninamide, glycyl-N-(3-carboxypropyl)-L-phenylalanyl-L-cysteinyl-
L-phenylalanyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-threonyl-L-cysteinyl-N.alpha.-(3-
aminopropyl)-, (2.fwdarw.9)-lactam, cyclic (3.fwdarw.8)-disulfide (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

NTE modified (modifications unspecified)

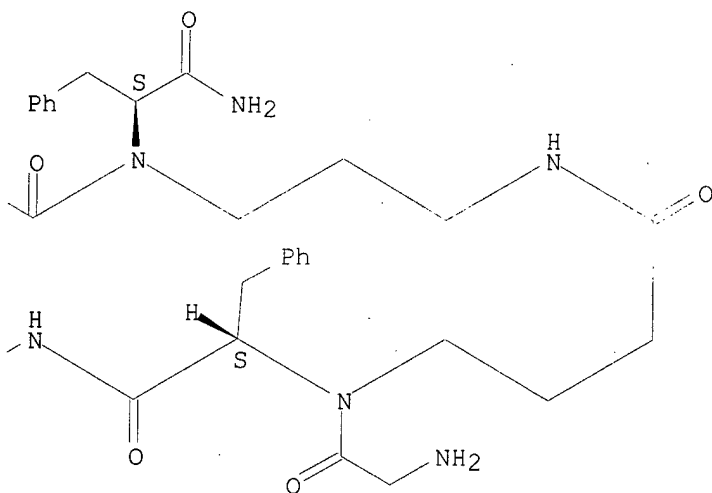
SEQ 1 GFCEWKTCF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L38 ANSWER 2 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:332670 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:341003

TITLE: Preparation of conformationally constrained backbone cyclized somatostatin analogs

INVENTOR(S): Hornik, Vered; Afargan, Michel M.; Gellerman, Gary

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Israel

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 30 pp., Cont.-in-part of Appl. No. PCT/IL99/00329.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 10
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2002052315	A1	20020502	US 2000-734583	20001213
US 6051554	A	20000418	US 1998-100360	19980619
US 6355613	B1	20020312	US 1998-203389	19981202
WO 9965508	A1	19991223	WO 1999-IL329	19990615

W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 1998-100360	A2 19980619
US 1998-203389	A2 19981202
WO 1999-IL329	A2 19990615
US 1995-488159	A2 19950607
US 1995-569042	A2 19951207
US 1996-690609	A2 19960731

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:341003

IT 252845-38-8P, PTR 3205

RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of conformationally constrained backbone cyclized somatostatin analogs)

RN 252845-38-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Phenylalaninamide, N-(3-carboxypropyl)-L-phenylalanyl-L-cysteiny-L-phenylalanyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-threonyl-L-cysteiny-L-phenylalanyl-N.alpha.-(3-aminopropyl)-(1.fwdarw.9)-lactam, cyclic (2.fwdarw.7)-disulfide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

NTE modified (modifications unspecified)

SEQ 1 FCFWKTCFF

L38 ANSWER 3 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:65930 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:77604

TITLE: Modulation of hormonal responses in animals with peptide vaccines

INVENTOR(S): Gerraty, Norman L.; Westbrook, Simon L.; Kingston, David J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Northstar Biologicals Pty. Ltd., Australia

SOURCE: S. African, 137 pp.

CODEN: SFXXAB

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ZA 9710584	A	19980819	ZA 1997-10584	19971125
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			ZA 1997-10584	19971125

APPLIC.

Disclosed
in mixed
form.

SAME AS
IN OTHER
S

But earlier
priority in
other 1

IT 253791-02-5

RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); FFD (Food or feed use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (immunization with peptides of animal hormones, their binding proteins, or receptors for immunol. control of endocrine function)

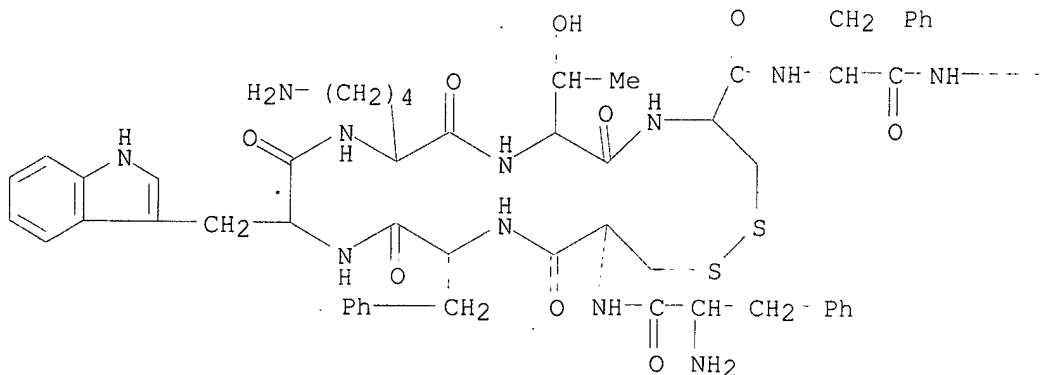
RN 253791-02-5 HCAPLUS

CN L-Cysteine, L-phenylalanyl-L-cysteinyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-threonyl-L-cysteinyl-L-phenylalanyl-, cyclic (2.fwdarw.7) disulfide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

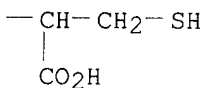
α has cysteine again

SEQ 1 FCFWKTCFC

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L38 ANSWER 4 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:53668 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:108301
 TITLE: Processes for coupling amino acids using bis(trichloromethyl) carbonate
 INVENTOR(S): Falt, Eliezer; Yechezkel, Tamar; Salitra, Yoseph
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Reptor Ltd., Israel
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

For late & Good

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000002898	A1	20000120	WO 1999-IL378	19990711
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS,				

JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK,
 MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ,
 TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,
 MD, RU, TJ, TM
 RW: .GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
 ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
 CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

CA 2334076 AA 20000120 CA 1999-2334076 19990711
 AU 9946454 A1 20000201 AU 1999-46454 19990711
 AU 754560 B2 20021121
 EP 1097164 A1 20010509 EP 1999-929678 19990711
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
 JP 2002520331 T2 20020709 JP 2000-559127 19990711
 NZ 509304 A 20030131 NZ 1999-509304 19990711
 US 2001007037 A1 20010705 US 2001-756223 20010109
 US 6512092 B2 20030128

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

IL 1998-125314 A 19980712
 WO 1999-IL378 W 19990711

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 132:108301

IT 255872-38-9P, PTR 3205

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (processes for coupling amino acids using bis(trichloromethyl)
 carbonate)

RN 255872-38-9 HCAPLUS

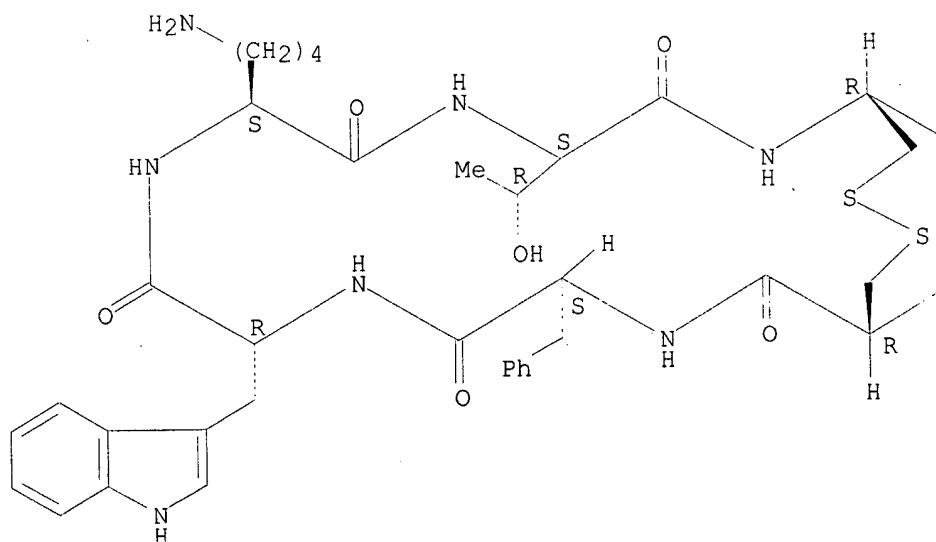
CN L-Phenylalaninamide, N-(3-carboxypropyl)-L-phenylalanyl-L-cysteinyl-L-
 phenylalanyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-threonyl-L-cysteinyl-N.alpha.-(3-
 aminopropyl)-, (1.fwdarw.8)-lactam, cyclic (2.fwdarw.7)-disulfide (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

NTE modified (modifications unspecified)

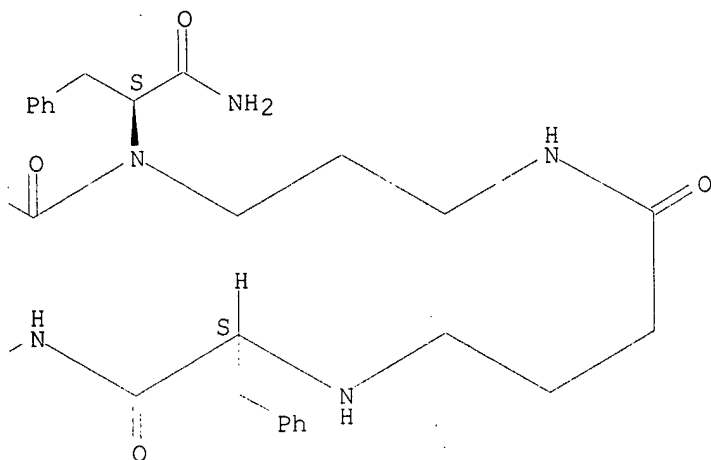
SEQ 1 FCFWKTCF

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L38 ANSWER 5 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:811096 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:50250
 TITLE: Preparation of conformationally constrained backbone cyclized somatostatin analogs
 INVENTOR(S): Hornik, Vered; Afargan, Michel M.; Gellerman, Gary
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Peptor Ltd., Israel
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 82 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 10
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9965508	A1	19991223	WO 1999-IL329	19990615
W:	AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
US 6051554	A	20000418	US 1998-100360	19980619
US 6355613	B1	20020312	US 1998-203389	19981202
CA 2335488	AA	19991223	CA 1999-2335488	19990615
AU 9942884	A1	20000105	AU 1999-42884	19990615
AU 747515	B2	20020516		
EP 1085896	A1	20010328	EP 1999-957020	19990615
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI			
JP 2002518339	T2	20020625	JP 2000-554387	19990615
US 2002052315	A1	20020502	US 2000-734583	20001213
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1998-100360	A 19980619
			US 1998-203389	A 19981202

US 1995-488159 A2 19950607
 US 1995-569042 A2 19951207
 US 1996-690609 A2 19960731
 WO 1999-IL329 W 19990615

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 132:50250

IT 252845-38-8P, PTR 3205

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (prepn. of conformationally constrained backbone cyclized somatostatin analogs)

RN 252845-38-8, HCAPLUS

CN L-Phenylalaninamide, N-(3-carboxypropyl)-L-phenylalanyl-L-cysteinyl-L-phenylalanyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-threonyl-L-cysteinyl-L-phenylalanyl-N.alpha.-(3-aminopropyl)-, (1.fwdarw.9)-lactam, cyclic (2.fwdarw.7)-disulfide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

NTE modified (modifications unspecified)

SEQ 1 FCFWKTCFF

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L38 ANSWER 6 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:547527 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:147527

TITLE: Structure-activity studies of somatostatin analogs, substituted at positions 4 and 5

AUTHOR(S): Sarantakis, D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Div., Wyeth Lab., Philadelphia, PA, 19101, USA
 SOURCE: Pept., Proc. Eur. Pept. Symp., 19th (1987), Meeting Date 1986, 535-8. Editor(s): Theodoropoulos, Dimitrios. de Gruyter: Berlin, Fed. Rep. Ger. CODEN: 56ABA8

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference

LANGUAGE: English

IT 79698-22-9

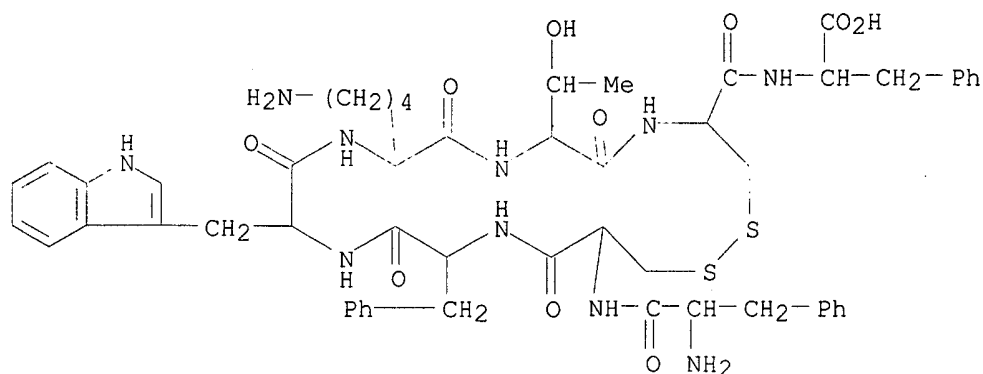
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (glucagon and growth hormone and insulin secretion inhibition by, structure in relation to)

RN 79698-22-9 HCAPLUS

CN D-Phenylalanine, L-phenylalanyl-L-cysteinyl-L-phenylalanyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-threonyl-L-cysteinyl-, cyclic (2.fwdarw.7)-disulfide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SEQ 1 FCFWKTCFF

APPLIC.



L38 ANSWER 7 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:770 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 106:770

TITLE: Chemistry and pharmacology of SMS 201-995, a

AUTHOR(S): Pless, Janos; Bauer, Wilfried; Briner, Ulrich; Doepfner, Wolfgang; Marbach, Peter; Maurer, Richard; Petcher, Trevor J.; Reubi, Jean Claude; Vonderscher, Jacky

CORPORATE SOURCE: Preclin. Res. Dep., SANDOZ Ltd., Basel, CH-4002, Switz.

SOURCE: International Congress Series (1986), 683 (Endocrinology '85), 319-33
CODEN: EXMDA4; ISSN: 0531-5131

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

IT 79486-62-7

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)
(biol. activity of, mol. structure in relation to)

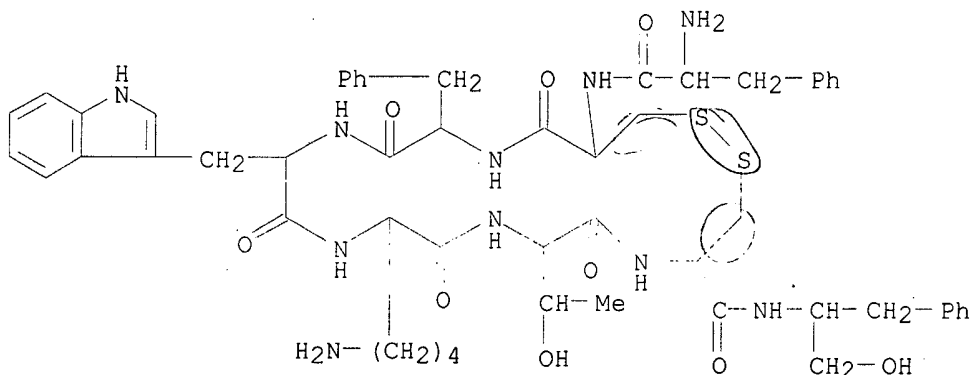
RN 79486-62-7 HCAPLUS

CN L-Glutinamide, D-phenylalanyl-L-cysteinyl-L-phenylalanyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-threonyl-N-[1-(hydroxymethyl)-2-phenylethyl]-cyclic
(2,7-dithiolane)-disulfide, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

NTE modified (modifications unspecified)

SEQ 1 FCFWKTCF

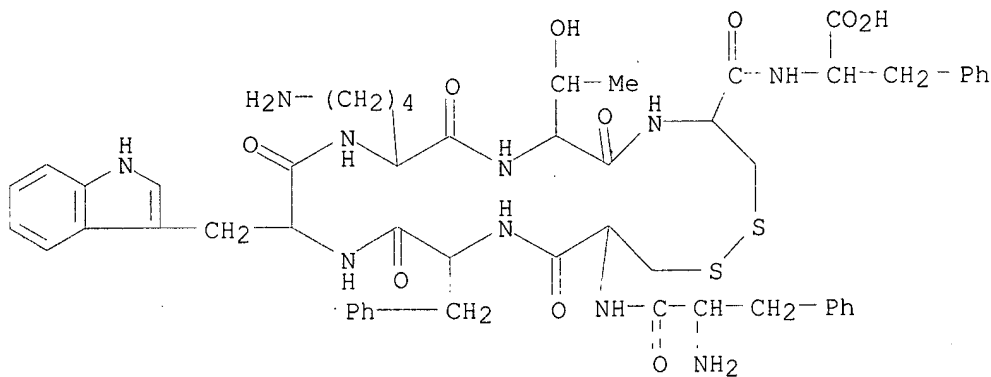
on end?



L38 ANSWER 8 OF 13, HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:449288 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:49288
 TITLE: Octapeptides as antiulcer agents
 INVENTOR(S): Lien Eric L.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Home Products Corp., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 3 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4443434	A	19840417	US 1982-409255	19820818

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1982-409255 19820818
 IT 79698-22-9
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (ulcer treatment with)
 RN 79698-22-9 HCAPLUS
 CN D-Phenylalanine, L-phenylalanyl-L-cysteiny-L-phenylalanyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-threonyl-L-cysteiny-, cyclic (2.fwdarw.7)-disulfide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 SEQ 1 FCFWKTCF



L38 ANSWER 9 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:68700 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:68700
 TITLE: Structure-activity relationships of highly potent and specific octapeptide analogs of somatostatin.
 AUTHOR(S): Bauer, Wilfried; Briner, Ulrich; Doepfner, Wolfgang; Haller, Roland; Huguenin, Rene; Marbach, Peter; Petcher, Trevor J.; Pless, Janos
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Preclin. Res. Dep., Sandoz Ltd., Basel, CH-4002, Switz.
 SOURCE: Pept., Proc. Eur. Pept. Symp., 17th (1983), Meeting Date 1982, 583-8. Editor(s): Blaha, Karel; Malon, Petr. de Gruyter: Berlin, Fed. Rep. Ger.
 CODEN: 50GFAA
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference

LANGUAGE: English

IT 88463-68-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(prepn. and cyclization of)

RN 88463-68-7 HCAPLUS

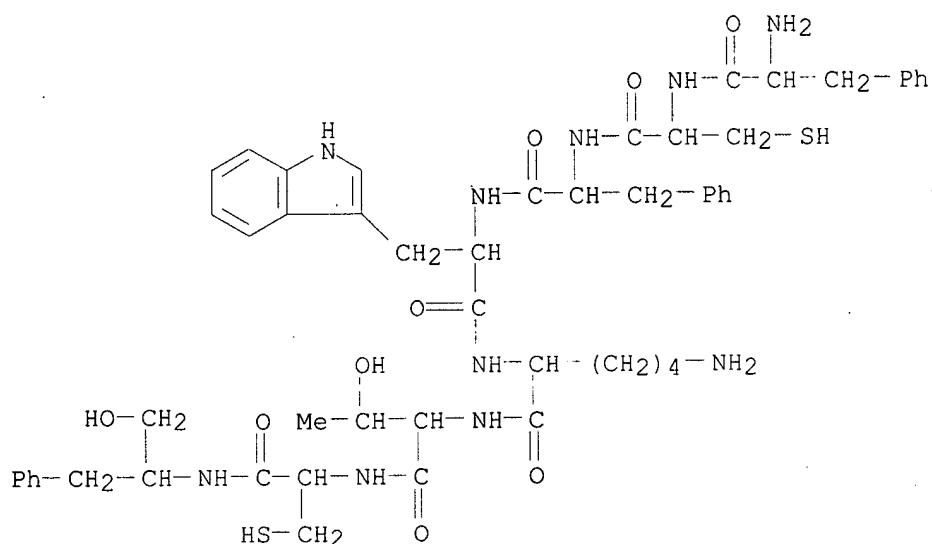
CN L-Cysteinamide, D-phenylalanyl-L-cysteinyl-L-phenylalanyl-D-tryptophyl-L-
lysyl-L-threonyl-N-[1-(hydroxymethyl)-2-phenylethyl]-, (S)- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

NTE modified (modifications unspecified)

SEQ 1 FCFWKTCF

on end?

poss.



L38 ANSWER 10 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:23016 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:23016

TITLE: Polypeptides, their pharmaceutical compositions and their use

INVENTOR(S): Bauer, Wilfried; Pless, Janos

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sandoz A.-G., Switz.

SOURCE: U.S., 10 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 20

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4395403	A	19830726	US 1981-321663	19811116
ZA 8007421	A	19820728	ZA 1980-7421	19801127
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CH 1979-10524	19791127
			CH 1980-4574	19800613
			US 1980-208888	19801121

IT 79486-63-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of)

RN 79486-63-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Cysteinamide, D-phenylalanyl-L-cysteinyl-L-phenylalanyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-threonyl-N-[1-(hydroxymethyl)-2-phenylethyl]-, cyclic (2.fwdarw.7)-disulfide, (S)-, acetate (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

NTE modified (modifications unspecified)

on end?

SEQ 1 FCFWKTCF

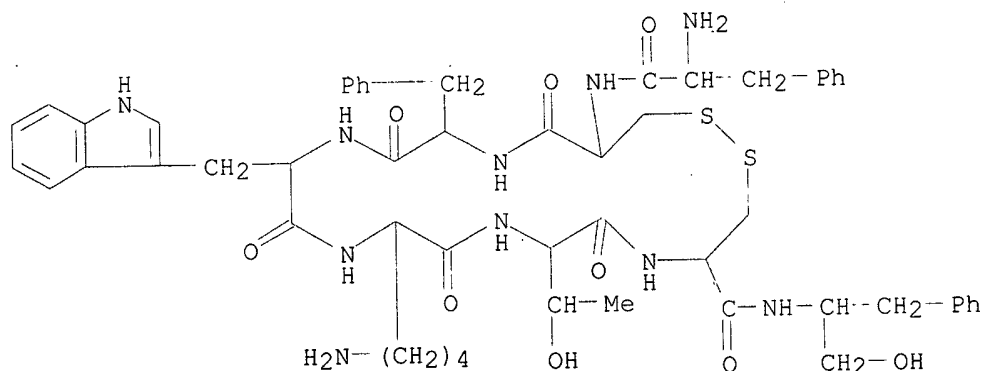
CM 1

CRN 79486-62-7

CMF C54 H68 N10 O9 S2

NTE modified (modifications unspecified)

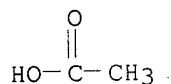
SEQ 1 FCFWKTCF



CM 2

CRN 64-19-7

CMF C2 H4 O2



L38 ANSWER 11 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:4797 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:4797

TITLE: Polypeptides and their use as drugs

INVENTOR(S): Bauer, Wilfried; Pless, Janos

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sandoz A.-G., Switz.

SOURCE: Belg., 27 pp.

CODEN: BEXXAL

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO. DATE

Bauer again

BE 892315	A1	19820901	BE 1982-10440	19820301
CH 647246	A	19850115	CH 1981-1531	19810306
DK 8200810	A	19820907	DK 1982-810	19820224
FI 8200689	A	19820907	FI 1982-689	19820226
FR 2501199	A1	19820910	FR 1982-3475	19820301
FR 2501199	B1	19860221		
DE 3207311	A1	19821202	DE 1982-3207311	19820301
GB 2095261	A	19820929	GB 1982-6136	19820302
GB 2095261	B2	19840815		
NL 8200828	A	19821001	NL 1982-828	19820302
US 4435385	A	19840306	US 1982-353900	19820302
SE 8201339	A	19820907	SE 1982-1339	19820304
CA 1188682	A1	19850611	CA 1982-397561	19820304
IL 65167	A1	19850630	IL 1982-65167	19820304
AU 8281164	A1	19820909	AU 1982-81164	19820305
JP 57158745	A2	19820930	JP 1982-35698	19820305
JP 03063559	B4	19911001		
ES 510167	A1	19831016	ES 1982-510167	19820305
ZA 8201491	A	19831026	ZA 1982-1491	19820305
HU 28423	O	19831228	HU 1982-690	19820305
ES 522916	A1	19850301	ES 1983-522916	19830601

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

CH 1981-1531	19810306
CH 1981-5723	19810904

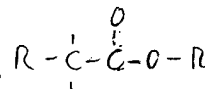
IT 83795-90-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of)

RN 83795-90-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Phenylalanine, N-(1-oxotetradecyl)-D-phenylalanyl-L-cysteiny-L-phenylalanyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-threonyl-L-cysteiny-L-methyl ester, cyclic (2.fwdarw.7)-disulfide, monoacetate (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

End



NTE modified (modifications unspecified)

SEQ 1 FCFWKTCF

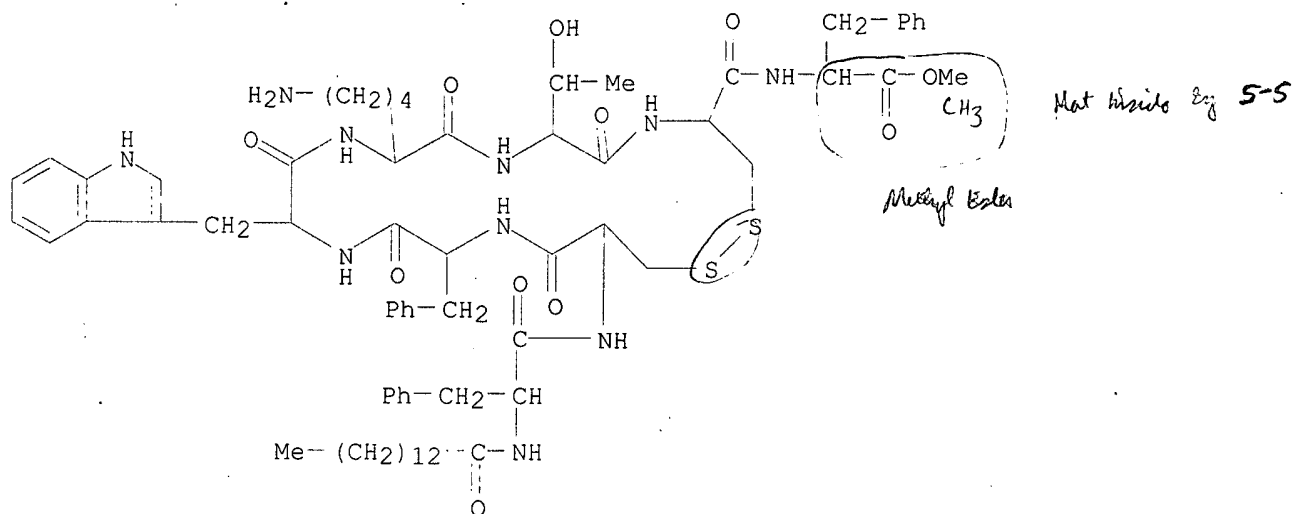
CM 1

CRN 83795-89-5

CMF C69 H94 N10 O11 S2

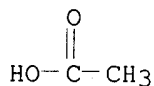
NTE modified (modifications unspecified)

SEQ 1 FCFWKTCF



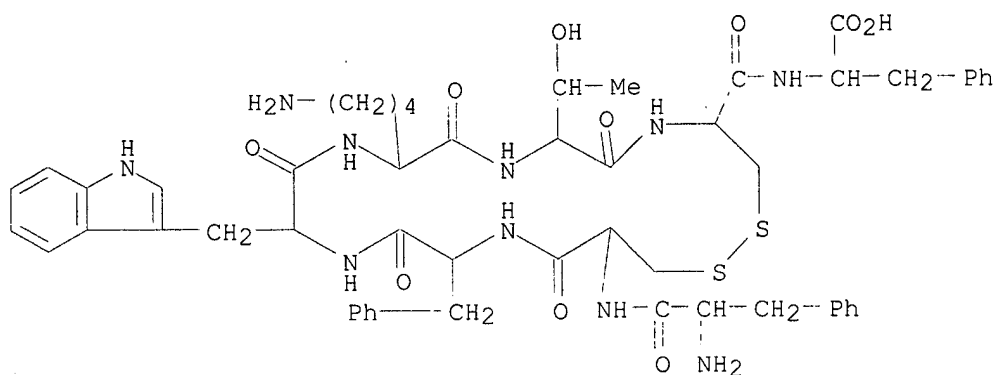
CM 2

CRN 64-19-7
CMF C2 H4 O2



L38 ANSWER 12 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:575266 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97:175266
 TITLE: SMS 201-995: a very potent and selective octapeptide analog of somatostatin with prolonged action
 AUTHOR(S): Bauer, Wilfried; Briner, Ulrich; Doepfner, Wolfgang; Haller, Roland; Huguenin, Rene; Marbach, Peter; Petcher, Trevor J.; Pless, Janos
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Preclin. Res., Sandoz Ltd., Basel, 4002, Switz.
 SOURCE: Life Sciences (1982), 31(11), 1133-40
 CODEN: LIFSAK; ISSN: 0024-3205
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 83214-21-5
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (somatostatin-like activity of, mol. structure in relation to)
 RN 83214-21-5 HCAPLUS
 CN L-Phenylalanine, D-phenylalanyl-L-cysteinyl-L-phenylalanyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-threonyl-L-cysteinyl-, cyclized (2.fwdarw.7)-disulfide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SEQ 1 FCFWKTCF



L38 ANSWER 13 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:587679 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:187679

TITLE: Polypeptides, pharmaceutical compositions comprising said polypeptides and their use

INVENTOR(S): Bauer, Wilfried; Pless, Janos

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sandoz A.-G., Switz.

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 35 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 29579	A1	19810603	EP 1980-107181	19801119
EP 29579	B1	19830216		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE				
AT 2512	E	19830315	AT 1980-107181	19801119
FI 8003634	A	19810528	FI 1980-3634	19801121
FI 72981	B	19870430		
FI 72981	C	19870810		
DK 8005019	A	19810528	DK 1980-5019	19801125
DK 150146	B	19861215		
DK 150146	C	19870601		
AU 8064688	A1	19810604	AU 1980-64688	19801125
AU 543198	B2	19850404		
ES 497113	A1	19821201	ES 1980-497113	19801125
HU 30257	O	19840328	HU 1980-2817	19801125
HU 185920	B	19850428		
CA 1182109	A1	19850205	CA 1980-365399	19801125
IL 61561	A1	19850228	IL 1980-61561	19801125
CS 228140	P	19840514	CS 1980-8184	19801126
JP 63051159	B4	19881013	JP 1980-167364	19801126
JP 56090048	A2	19810721		
ZA 8007421	A	19820728	ZA 1980-7421	19801127
ES 510751	A1	19830416	ES 1982-510751	19820324
JP 63234000	A2	19880929	JP 1988-57316	19880308
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CH 1979-10524	19791127
			CH 1980-4574	19800613
			EP 1980-107181	19801119

IT 79486-63-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of)

RN 79486-63-8 HCAPLUS

CN L-Cysteinamide, D-phenylalanyl-L-cysteiny-L-phenylalanyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-threonyl-N-[1-(hydroxymethyl)-2-phenylethyl]-, cyclic (2.fwdarw.7)-disulfide, (S)-, acetate (salt) (9CI) ~~40A~~ INDEX NAME

POFS

NTE modified (modifications unspecified)

SEQ 1 FCFWKTCF

an end?

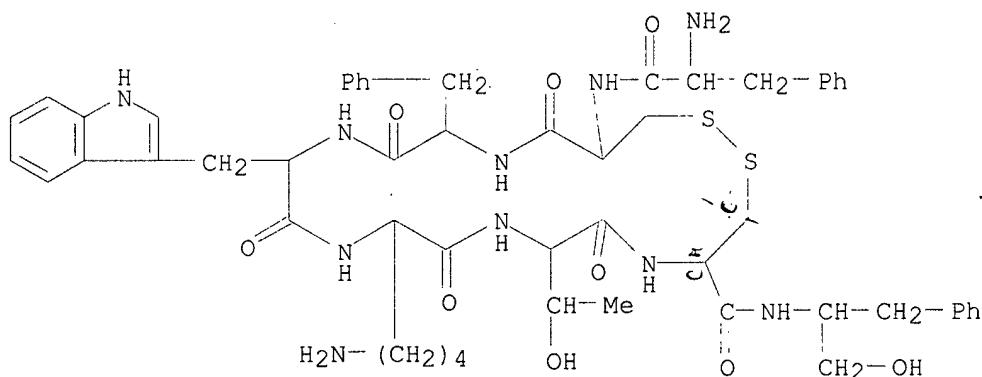
CM 1

CRN 79486-62-7

CMF C54 H68 N10 O9 S2

NTE modified (modifications unspecified)

SEQ 1 FCFWKTCF

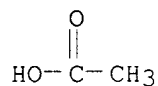


CL. 1 REJECT

CM 2

CRN 64-19-7

CMF C2 H4 O2



*Search of J. alone
then next indiv.**Inventor
Search*

=> fil hcaplus
FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:27:58 ON 20 JUN 2003
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 20 Jun 2003 VOL 138 ISS 26
FILE LAST UPDATED: 19 Jun 2003 (20030619/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=>
=>

=> d stat que 11
L1 17 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("HORNIK V"/AU OR "HORNIK V"/IN OR "HORNIK VERED"/AU OR "HORNIK VERED"/IN)

Inv. 2

=>
=>

=> d ibib abs 11 1-17

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:332670 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:341003
TITLE: Preparation of conformationally constrained backbone cyclized somatostatin analogs
INVENTOR(S): Hornik, Vered; Afargan, Michel M.; Gellerman, Gary
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Israel
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 30 pp., Cont.-in-part of Appl. No. PCT/IL99/00329.
CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 10
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2002052315	A1	20020502	US 2000-734583	20001213
US 6051554	A	20000418	US 1998-100360	19980619
US 6355613	B1	20020312	US 1998-203389	19981202
WO 9965508	A1	19991223	WO 1999-IL329	19990615

W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ,

TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,
MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

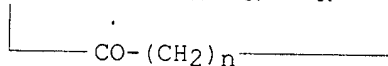
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 1998-100360 A2 19980619
US 1998-203389 A2 19981202
WO 1999-IL329 A2 19990615
US 1995-488159 A2 19950607
US 1995-569042 A2 19951207
US 1996-690609 A2 19960731

OTHER SOURCE(S):
GI

MARPAT 136:341003

Q--R5-R6-R7-R8-R9-R10-R11-NR12-X



I

APPLIC

AB Novel peptides, e.g., I [n = 1-5; X designates a terminal carboxy acid, amide or alc. group; Q is H or a mono- or disaccharide; R5 is .gamma.-aminobutyric acid, diaminobutyric acid, Gly, .beta.-Ala, 5-aminopentanoic acid, or aminohexanoic acid; R6 is D- or L-Phe or Tyr; R7 is D- or L-Trp, -Phe, -1-Nal (1-naphthalenealanine) or -2-Nal, or Tyr; R8 is D- or L-Trp; R9 is D- or L-Lys; R10 is Thr, Gly, Abu (2-aminobutanoic acid), Cys, Val, D- or L-Ala or -Phe; R11 is D- or L-Phe, -Ala, Nle, or Cys; R12 is Gly, Val, Leu, D- or L-Phe or 1Nal or 2Nal], are disclosed which are conformationally constrained backbone cyclized somatostatin analogs having somatostatin receptor sub-type selectivity. Thus, Phe(C3)-Cys*-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Cys*-Phe-Phe(N3)-OH (PTR 3205), where one bridge connects the two building units (Phe-C3 and Phe N3, which are phenylalanine modified with carboxy or amine and a three carbon methylene spacer) and the second is a disulfide bridge formed between the two Cys residues, was prepd. by the solid-phase method and showed IC50 = 10-6 nM for inhibition of SRIF binding to transmembranal somatostatin receptors SST-R1, SST-R3 and SST-R5.

L1 ANSWER 2 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:182173 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:227293

TITLE: Selectivity of conformationally constrained backbone cyclized somatostatin analogs with respect to insulin, GH, and glucagon secretion and somatostatin receptor binding

INVENTOR(S): **Hornik, Vered**; Gellerman, Gary; Afargan, Mich El M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Peptor Limited, Israel

SOURCE: U.S., 21 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 6,051,554.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 10

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6355613	B1	20020312	US 1998-203389	19981202
US 6051554	A	20000418	US 1998-100360	19980619
CA 2335488	AA	19991223	CA 1999-2335488	19990615
WO 9965508	A1	19991223	WO 1999-IL329	19990615

W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ,
DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS,
JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK,
MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ,
TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,
MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 9942884 A1 20000105 AU 1999-42884 19990615

AU 747515 B2 20020516

EP 1085896 A1 20010328 EP 1999-957020 19990615

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, FI

JP 2002518339 T2 20020625 JP 2000-554387 19990615

US 2002052315 A1 20020502 US 2000-734583 20001213

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 1996-690609 A2 19960731

US 1998-100360 A2 19980619

US 1995-488159 A2 19950607

US 1995-569042 A2 19951207

US 1998-203389 A 19981202

WO 1999-IL329 W 19990615

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:227293

AB Novel peptides which are conformationally constrained backbone cyclized
somatostatin analogs. Methods for synthesizing the somatostatin analogs
and for producing libraries of the somatostatin analogs are also
disclosed. Furthermore, pharmaceutical compns. comprising somatostatin
analog, and methods of using such compns. are disclosed.

REFERENCE COUNT: 52 THERE ARE 52 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 3 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:861504 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:25381

TITLE: Conformationally constrained backbone cyclized
interleukin-6 antagonists, pharmaceutical
compositions, and therapeutic use

INVENTOR(S): **Hornik, Vered**; Hadas, Eran

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Peptor Ltd., Israel

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 64 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000072864	A1	20001207	WO 2000-IL305	20000528

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR,
CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU,
ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU,
LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD,
SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU,
ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,
CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

EP 1187624 A1 20020320 EP 2000-929763 20000528

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

JP 2003500453 T2 20030107 JP 2000-620973 20000528

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: IL 1999-130238 A 19990601

WO 2000-IL305 W 20000528

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:25381

AB Peptides are disclosed which are conformationally constrained backbone cyclized antagonists of IL-6. Methods for synthesizing the IL-6 antagonists are also disclosed. Furthermore, pharmaceutical compns. comprising IL-6 antagonists, and methods of using such compns. are disclosed.

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 4 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:639186 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:238330

TITLE: Libraries of backbone-cyclized peptidomimetics

INVENTOR(S): Gilon, Chaim; **Hornik, Vered**

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Peptor Limited, Israel; Yisum Research Development Company of the Hebrew University In Jerusalem

SOURCE: U.S., 33 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,723,575.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 10

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6117974	A	20000912	US 1995-569042	19951207
US 5723575	A	19980303	US 1995-444135	19950518
US 5770687	A	19980623	US 1996-690090	19960731
CA 2230861	AA	19970313	CA 1996-2230861	19960828
WO 9709344	A2	19970313	WO 1996-IL91	19960828
WO 9709344	A3	19970522		
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA				
AU 9668361	A1	19970327	AU 1996-68361	19960828
AU 714917	B2	20000113		
JP 11500741	T2	19990119	JP 1996-511044	19960828
EP 923601	A2	19990623	EP 1996-928663	19960828
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
US 6051554	A	20000418	US 1998-100360	19980619
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			IL 1991-99628	A 19911002
			US 1992-955380	B2 19921001
			US 1995-444135	A2 19950518
			IL 1995-115096	A 19950829
			US 1995-488159	A2 19950607
			US 1995-569042	A2 19951207
			US 1996-690609	A2 19960731
			WO 1996-IL91	W 19960828

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 133:238330

AB Libraries of novel backbone-cyclized peptide analogs are formed by means of bridging groups attached via the alpha nitrogens of amino acid derivs. to provide novel non-peptidic linkages. Novel building units used in the synthesis of these backbone-cyclized peptide analogs are N-functionalized amino acids constructed to include a spacer and a terminal functional group. One or more of these N-functionalized amino acids are incorporated into a library of peptide sequences, preferably during solid phase peptide synthesis. The reactive terminal functional groups are protected by

specific protecting groups that can be selectively removed to effect either backbone-to-backbone or backbone-to-side chain cyclizations. The invention is exemplified by libraries of backbone-cyclized bradykinin analogs, somatostatin analogs, BPI analogs and Substance P analogs having biol. activity. Further embodiments of the invention are Interleukin-6 receptor derived peptides having ring structures involving backbone cyclization.

REFERENCE COUNT: 50 THERE ARE 50 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 5 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:253013 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:289222

TITLE: Conformationally constrained backbone cyclized somatostatin analogs

INVENTOR(S): Hornik, Vered; Gellerman, Gary; Afargan, Mich El M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Peptor Limited, Israel

SOURCE: U.S., 18 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,748,643. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 10

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 6051554	A	20000418	US 1998-100360	19980619
US 5811392	A	19980922	US 1995-488159	19950607
US 6117974	A	20000912	US 1995-569042	19951207
US 6265375	B1	20010724	US 1998-120237	19980722
US 6355613	B1	20020312	US 1998-203389	19981202
CA 2335488	AA	19991223	CA 1999-2335488	19990615
WO 9965508	A1	19991223	WO 1999-IL329	19990615
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9942884	A1	20000105	AU 1999-42884	19990615
AU 747515	B2	20020516		
EP 1085896	A1	20010328	EP 1999-957020	19990615
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
JP 2002518339	T2	20020625	JP 2000-554387	19990615
US 6407059	B1	20020618	US 2000-580905	20000531
US 2002052315	A1	20020502	US 2000-734583	20001213
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			US 1995-488159	A2 19950607
			US 1995-569042	A2 19951207
			US 1996-690609	A2 19960731
			IL 1991-99628	A 19911002
			US 1992-955380	B2 19921001
			IL 1994-109943	A 19940608
			US 1995-444135	A2 19950518
			IL 1995-115096	A 19950829
			US 1998-100360	A2 19980619
			US 1998-120237	A3 19980722
			US 1998-203389	A 19981202
			WO 1999-IL329	W 19990615

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 132:289222

AB According to the present invention, novel peptidomimetic compds., which are characterized in that they incorporate novel building units with bridging groups attached to the alpha nitrogens of alpha amino acids, have now been generated. Specifically, these compds. are backbone cyclized somatostatin analogs comprising a peptide sequence of four to twelve amino acids that incorporates at least two building units, each of which contains one nitrogen atom of the peptide backbone connected to a bridging group comprising an amide, thioether, thioester or disulfide, wherein the at least two building units are connected to the bridging group to form a cyclic structure. Preferably, the peptide sequence incorporates five to eight amino acids. The cyclic somatostatin analogs are resistant to biodegrdn. The selectivity of the analogs with respect to GH, insulin and glucagon and with respect to somatostatin receptors is shown. Methods for synthesizing the somatostatin analogs and for producing libraries of the somatostatin analogs are also disclosed. Furthermore, pharmaceutical compns. comprising somatostatin analogs, and methods of using such compns. are disclosed.

REFERENCE COUNT: 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 6 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:811096 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:50250

TITLE: Preparation of conformationally constrained backbone cyclized somatostatin analogs

INVENTOR(S): Hornik, Vered; Afargan, Michel M.; Gellerman, Gary

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Peptor Ltd., Israel

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 82 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 10

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9965508	A1	19991223	WO 1999-IL329	19990615
W:	AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
US 6051554	A	20000418	US 1998-100360	19980619
US 6355613	B1	20020312	US 1998-203389	19981202
CA 2335488	AA	19991223	CA 1999-2335488	19990615
AU 9942884	A1	20000105	AU 1999-42884	19990615
AU 747515	B2	20020516		
EP 1085896	A1	20010328	EP 1999-957020	19990615
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI			
JP 2002518339	T2	20020625	JP 2000-554387	19990615
US 2002052315	A1	20020502	US 2000-734583	20001213
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1998-100360	A 19980619
			US 1998-203389	A 19981202
			US 1995-488159	A2 19950607
			US 1995-569042	A2 19951207
			US 1996-690609	A2 19960731

OTHER SOURCE(S):
GIWO 1999-IL329 W 19990615
MARPAT 132:50250

Q-R5-R6-R7-R8-R9-R10-R11-NR12-X



AB Novel peptides, e.g., I [n = 1-5; X designates a terminal carboxy acid, amide or alc. group; Q is H or a mono- or disaccharide; R5 is .gamma.-aminobutyric acid, diaminobutyric acid, Gly, .beta.-Ala, 5-aminopentanoic acid, or aminohexanoic acid; R6 is D- or L-Phe or Tyr; R7 is D- or L-Trp, -Phe, -1-Nal (1-naphthalenealanine) or -2-Nal, or Tyr; R8 is D- or L-Trp; R9 is D- or L-Lys; R10 is Thr, Gly, Abu (2-aminobutanoic acid), Cys, Val, D- or L-Ala or -Phe; R11 is D- or L-Phe, -Ala, Nle, or Cys; R12 is Gly, Val, Leu, D- or L-Phe or 1Nal or 2Nal], are disclosed which are conformationally constrained backbone cyclized somatostatin analogs having somatostatin receptor sub-type selectivity. Thus, Phe(C3)-Cys*-Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr-Cys*-Phe-Phe(N3)-OH (PTR 3205), where one bridge connects the two building units (Phe-C3 and Phe N3, which are phenylalanine modified with carboxy or amine and a three carbon methylene spacer) and the second is a disulfide bridge formed between the two Cys residues, was prepd. by the solid-phase method and showed IC50 = 10-6 nM for inhibition of SRIF binding to transmembranal somatostatin receptors SST-R1, SST-R3 and SST-R5.

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 7 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:597740 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:343696

TITLE: Cycloscan: backbone cyclic conformationally constraint libraries of peptides

AUTHOR(S): Gilon, C.; Muller, D.; Bitan, G.; Salitra, Y.;

CORPORATE SOURCE: Goldwasser, I.; Hornik, V.
Department of Organic Chemistry, The Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Jerusalem, 91904, Israel

SOURCE: Peptides 1996, Proceedings of the European Peptide Symposium, 24th, Edinburgh, Sept. 8-13, 1996 (1998), Meeting Date 1996, 423-424. Editor(s): Ramage, Robert; Epton, Roger. Mayflower Scientific: Kingswinford, UK.

DOCUMENT TYPE: CODEN: 66RCA5

LANGUAGE: Conference

English

AB A symposium report on the prepn., characterization, and biol. screening of backbone cyclic libraries comprising a collection of different conformations of the screened peptide. The method is illustrated with and active analog of somatostatin.

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 8 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:427795 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:95723

TITLE: Preparation of conformationally constrained backbone cyclized somatostatin analogs and combinatorial libraries

INVENTOR(S): Hornik, Vered; Seri-Levy, Alon; Gellerman,

Use
instead of

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gary; Gilon, Chaim
 SOURCE: Peptor Ltd., Israel; Yissim Research Development Co.
 of Hebrew University of Jerusalem
 U.S., 35 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 488,159.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 10
 PATENT INFORMATION:

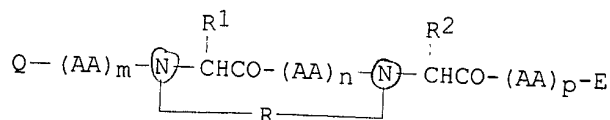
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5770687	A	19980623	US 1996-690090	19960731
US 5811392	A	19980922	US 1995-488159	19950607
US 6117974	A	20000912	US 1995-569042	19951207
WO 9804583	A1	19980205	WO 1997-IL261	19970730
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9736331	A1	19980220	AU 1997-36331	19970730
AU 711100	B2	19991007		
EP 920446	A1	19990609	EP 1997-932978	19970730
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
CN 1231672	A	19991013	CN 1997-198197	19970730
BR 9710636	A	20000111	BR 1997-10636	19970730
JP 2000516592	T2	20001212	JP 1998-508666	19970730
US 6265375	B1	20010724	US 1998-120237	19980722
KR 2000029654	A	20000525	KR 1999-700727	19990129
US 6407059	B1	20020618	US 2000-580905	20000531

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

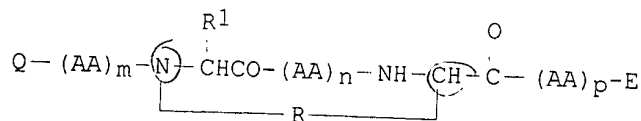
US 1995-488159	A2	19950607
US 1995-569042	A2	19951207
IL 1991-99628	A	19911002
US 1992-955380	B2	19921001
IL 1994-109943	A	19940608
US 1995-444135	A2	19950518
IL 1995-115096	A	19950829
US 1996-690090	A	19960731
WO 1997-IL261	W	19970730
US 1998-120237	A3	19980722

OTHER SOURCE(S):
 GI

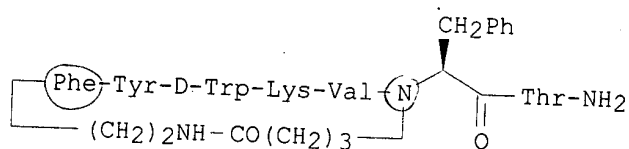
MARPAT 129:95723



I



II



III

APPL.

Trans all
3 copies
of cl. 1

AB The novel conformationally constrained backbone cyclized somatostatin analogs I and II [m, n, p = independently 0-8; AA = amino acid residue wherein each amino acid residue may be the same or different; Q = H, acyl group; E = OH, carboxyl protective group, amino group, or the terminal carboxy group can be reduced to CH₂OH; R₁, R₂ = independently optionally protected amino acid side chain; R = X-M-Y-W-Z, X-M-Z; M, W = independently amide, thioether, thioester, disulfide; X, Y, Z = independently alkylene, substituted alkylene, arylene, homo- or heterocycloarylene, substituted cycloalkylene] and combinatorial libraries thereof are disclosed. Methods for synthesizing the somatostatin analogs and for producing the libraries of the somatostatin analogs are also disclosed. Furthermore, pharmaceutical compns. comprising somatostatin analogs, and methods of using such compns. in the treatment of endocrine disorders, neoplasms and metabolic disorders are also disclosed. Thus, cyclopeptide III (PTR 3046) was prepd. by solid-phase methods on a Rink amide resin using 9-fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl (Fmoc) backbone protection and allyl protection for the cyclic amide residues. PTR 3046 and related cyclopeptides and combinatorial libraries were tested in vitro for binding to a variety of different somatostatin receptors in Chinese hamster ovary cells expressing the various receptors.

REFERENCE COUNT: 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 9 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:119596 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:226364

TITLE: A Backbone-Cyclic, Receptor 5-Selective Somatostatin Analog: Synthesis, Bioactivity, and Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Conformational Analysis

AUTHOR(S): Gilon, Chaim; Huenges, Martin; Mathae, Barbara; Gellerman, Gary; **Hornik, Vered**; Afargan, Michel; Amitay, Oved; Ziv, Ofer; Feller, Etty; Gamliel, Asher; Shohat, Dvira; Wanger, Mazal; Arad, Oded; Kessler, Horst

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Organic Chemistry, Hebrew University, Jerusalem, Israel

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1998), 41(6), 919-929

No-
Date
No Good

PUBLISHER: CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
 DOCUMENT TYPE: American Chemical Society
 LANGUAGE: Journal
 English

AB Cyclo(Phen2-Trp-Lys-Val-PheC3)-Thr-NH2 (PTR 3046), a backbone-cyclic somatostatin analog was synthesized by solid-phase methodol. The binding characteristics of PTR 3046 to the different somatostatin receptors, expressed in CHO cells, indicate high selectivity to the SSTR5 receptor. PTR 3046 is highly stable against enzymic degrdn. as detd. in vitro by incubation with rat renal homogenate and human serum. The biol. activity of PTR 3046 in vivo was detd. in rats. PTR 3046 inhibits bombesin- and caerulein-induced amylase and lipase release from the pancreas without inhibiting growth hormone or glucagon release. The major conformation of PTR 3046 in CD3OH, as detd. by NMR, is defined by a type II' .beta.-turn at D-Trp-Lys and a cis amide bond at Val-PheC3.

L1 ANSWER 10 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:102893 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:180672

TITLE: Conformationally constrained backbone cyclized somatostatin analogs

INVENTOR(S): Hornik, Vered; Seri-Levy, Alon; Gellerman, Gary; Gilon, Chaim

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Peptor Ltd., Israel; Yisum Research Development Company of the Hebrew; Hornik, Vered; Seri-Levy, Alon; Gellerman, Gary; Gilon, Chaim

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 97 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: CODEN: PIXXD2

LANGUAGE: Patent

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: English

PATENT INFORMATION: 10

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9804583	A1	19980205	WO 1997-IL261	19970730
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 5770687	A	19980623	US 1996-690090	19960731
AU 9736331	A1	19980220	AU 1997-36331	19970730
AU 711100	B2	19991007		
EP 920446	A1	19990609	EP 1997-932978	19970730
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
BR 9710636	A	20000111	BR 1997-10636	19970730
JP 2000516592	T2	20001212	JP 1998-508666	19970730
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1996-690090	A 19960731
			US 1995-488159	A2 19950607
			US 1995-569042	A2 19951207
			WO 1997-IL261	W 19970730

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 128:180672

AB Methods for synthesizing cyclized somatostatin analogs Q-(AA)a-NR-CHR1-CO-(AA)b-NR-CHR2-CO-(AA)c-E(R2 = a bond, a-c are 0-8, AA is an amino acid residue, Q = H, acyl, E = OH, carboxy-protecting group, or amino group, or the terminal carboxyl group can be reduced to CH2OH) and for producing libraries of the somatostatin analogs are disclosed. Thus, SST-Gly6,Gly11 analogs bridged at positions 1-3 were prepd. manually

or with an automatic peptide synthesizer. Physiol. examples are given.
 REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 ANSWER 11 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:296920 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:277779
 TITLE: Libraries of backbone-cyclized peptidomimetics
 INVENTOR(S): Hornik, Vered; Gilon, Chaim
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Peptor Limited, Israel; Yisum Research Development
 Company of the Hebrew University; Hornik, Vered;
 Gilon, Chaim
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 105 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 10
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9709344	A2	19970313	WO 1996-IL91	19960828
WO 9709344	A3	19970522		
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA				
US 6117974	A	20000912	US 1995-569042	19951207
AU 9668361	A1	19970327	AU 1996-68361	19960828
AU 714917	B2	20000113		
JP 11500741	T2	19990119	JP 1996-511044	19960828
EP 923601	A2	19990623	EP 1996-928663	19960828
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

IL 1995-115096	A	19950829
US 1995-569042	A	19951207
IL 1991-99628	A	19911002
US 1992-955380	B2	19921001
US 1995-444135	A2	19950518
WO 1996-IL91	W	19960828

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 126:277779

AB Libraries of novel backbone-cyclized peptide analogs are formed by means of bridging groups attached via the alpha nitrogens of amino acid derivs. to provide novel non-peptidic linkages. Novel building units used in the synthesis of these backbone-cyclized peptide analogs are N.alpha. (.omega.-functionalized) amino acids constructed to include a spacer and a terminal functional group. One or more of these N.alpha. (.omega.-functionalized) amino acids are incorporated into a library of peptide sequences, preferably during solid phase peptide synthesis. The reactive terminal functional groups are protected by specific protecting groups that can be selectively removed to effect either backbone-to-backbone or backbone-to-side chain cyclizations. The invention is exemplified by libraries of backbone-cyclized bradykinin analogs, somatostatin analogs, BPI analogs and Substance P analogs having biol. activity. Further embodiments of the invention are Interleukin-6 receptor derived peptides having ring structures involving backbone cyclization.

L1 ANSWER 12 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:219531 HCAPLUS

TITLE: Backbone-cyclic peptides in peptide drug discovery?
 AUTHOR(S): Arad, O.; Afargan, M.; Diskin, Y.; Feller, E.;
 Gamliel, A.; Gellerman, G.; Goldwasser, I.; Hadas, E.;
 Hornik, V.; et al.

✓ Audet
 ✓ Rec'd

CORPORATE SOURCE: Peptor Ltd., Rehovot, 76326, Israel
 SOURCE: Book of Abstracts, 211th ACS National Meeting, New
 Orleans, LA, March 24-28 (1996), I&EC-012. American
 Chemical Society: Washington, D. C.

DOCUMENT TYPE: *Include*
Not Conference; Meeting Abstract
 LANGUAGE: *enabled* English

AB Backbone-cyclization of peptides is accomplished via a bridge between two backbone/amide nitrogens (C. Gilon, D. Halle, M. Chorev, Z. Selinger and G. Byk, Biopolymers 1991, 31, 745). Backbone-cyclization can be carried out between any two residues in the sequence without altering the side chains of the amino acid residues involved in the cyclization. These side chains may be important for the biol. activity of the peptide. We have recently synthesized backbone-cyclic peptides corresponding to the Somatostatin family and to Bactericidal Permeability Increasing Protein. Comparisons of the bioactivity of cyclic and non-cyclic structures indicate the effect that cyclization has on activity. In particular, a significant increase in biostability and in selectivity is seen upon cyclization. By employing the backbone-cyclization method, series of conformationally constrained peptides can be prepd. in which the sequence is identical and the peptides differ in the cyclization points and in the size and structure of the cyclization bridge (Cycloscan). We are studying the structure of these conformationally constrained peptides by computer modeling.

L1 ANSWER 13 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:541399 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:286086
 TITLE: Preparation and screening of highly diverse peptide
 libraries for binding activity
 INVENTOR(S): Hadas, Eran; **Hornik, Vered**
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Interpharm Laboratories Ltd., Israel
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 63 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 639584	A1	19950222	EP 1994-109577	19940621
EP 639584	B1	19980401		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
CA 2126359	AA	19941223	CA 1994-2126359	19940621
AT 164591	E	19980415	AT 1994-109577	19940621
ES 2114633	T3	19980601	ES 1994-109577	19940621
AU 9464873	A1	19950105	AU 1994-64873	19940622
AU 678460	B2	19970529		
ZA 9404474	A	19950214	ZA 1994-4474	19940622
JP 07194382	A2	19950801	JP 1994-164756	19940622
			IL 1993-106106	19930622

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

AB A method for the prepn. of high-d. peptide (or other polymer) libraries, and for screening such libraries for mols. having the capacity to recognize targets of choice, is provided. The peptide library is synthesized on beads, but instead of a single peptide sequence, a single family of related peptide sequences are synthesized on each bead. The peptide library, in turn, includes many different families of peptides, with each family being found on one or more beads. Because the peptide

library is arranged so that the peptide complement of each bead is constrained, the library is said to be structured. This structured library is then subjected to a round of screening. If a bead is marked by an affinity reagent, it indicates that one or more of the peptides in its family are bound by the affinity reagent. The peptide mixt. on the bead is then sequenced to det. the common N-terminal portion, the familial marker. In the next round of screening, a sublibrary of the library of the prior round is constructed, in which all peptides possess the familial marker of the successful family in the last library. Each bead of this new library carries only peptides belonging to a subfamily of the aforementioned family. When this sublibrary is screened with an affinity reagent, the beads which are bound are those whose subfamilies include a binding peptide. The process is then repeated, with each successful family of the library of one screening round becoming, in the next round, a new library, which in turn is divided into families. Eventually, the entire sequence of the binding peptide is known. The method is illustrated by (1) the synthesis of a peptide library from 37 different amino acids on Eupergit C beads or aminomethylated polystyrene/divinylbenzene and screening with rhodamine-labeled TBP1 (tumor necrosis factor binding protein p55), (2) model straining of a heptapeptide library with monoclonal antibody to human .beta.-endorphin, and (3) a library prepd. from 74 amino acids on glass beads and screened with TBP1. Theor., this method increases the delivery of the library by as much as 7 orders of magnitude, i.e., to as many as 1015 different peptide sequences.

L1 ANSWER 14 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:678197 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:278197

TITLE: Variations in effectivity of mechanisms which restrict the cellular response to TNF

AUTHOR(S): Wallach, D.; Bigda, J.; Brakebusch, C.; Beletsky, I.; Aderka, D.; Holtmann, H.; Englemann, H.; Hornik, V.; Shemer, Y.; et al.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department Membrane Research and Biophysics, Weizmann Institute Science, Rehovot, 76100, Israel

SOURCE: Challenges of Modern Medicine (1994), 3(MOLECULAR BASIS OF INFLAMMATION), 169-78
CODEN: CHMME3

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: English

AB A review, with 31 refs., discussing how the variation in the relative expression of 2 TNF receptor species affect the extent of desensitization to the cytotoxic effect of TNF, how signaling by TNF receptors and formation of the sol. forms are mechanistically distinct, and how variations in the effectivity of mechanisms which restrict the activity of TNF may be genetically defined.

L1 ANSWER 15 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:477731 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:77731

TITLE: Self-encoded, highly condensed solid phase-supported peptide library for identification of ligand-specific peptides

AUTHOR(S): Hornik, Vered; Hadas, Eran

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Molecular Genetics and Virology, The Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot, 76100, Israel

SOURCE: Reactive Polymers (1994), 22(3), 213-20
CODEN: REPLEN; ISSN: 0923-1137

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The diversity of peptide libraries synthesized according to the "mixing and portioning" concept producing libraries contg. one peptide per bead is

limited by the no. of beads. A method for the generation and screening of peptide libraries with increased mol. diversity by synthesis of many peptides on each of the beads is described. According to this approach, in each synthesis cycle, every portion of the beads gets a mixt. of amino acids, thus the total no. of peptides is larger than the no. of beads in the library. The degree of heterogeneity increases from the N- to the C-terminus. Positions close to the N-terminus include relatively few amino acids, whereas positions closer to the C-terminus include a higher no. of amino acids. This structure allows generation of extensive diversity on each bead, while still retaining the ability to identify the peptide by N-terminal sequencing. The identification of the peptides on selected beads is achieved by sequencing and by using a self-encoding system. This self-encoding system allows the use of coded as well as non-coded amino acids which cannot be identified by automatic sequencers. According to this system, each non-coded amino acid is presented in a mixt. with a coded amino acid. The coded amino acid serves as an indicator for the presence of the non-coded one. Only a portion of the target sequence is identified by N-terminal sequencing. Once partial sequence information is obtained, secondary libraries are synthesized in order to find out which amino acids present in each position are responsible for binding a ligand. The new approach enables generation and screening of up to about 1015 peptides per library, increasing the diversity of solid phase-screened peptides, or other non-sequenceable polymer libraries, by up to 107-fold, thereby increasing the chances of discovering structures of interest.

L1 ANSWER 16 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:548989 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:148989
 TITLE: Variation in serum levels of the soluble TNF receptors among healthy individuals
 AUTHOR(S): Aderka, Dan; Engelmann, Hartmut; Shemer-Avni, Yonath; **Hornik, Vered**; Galil, Aaron; Sarov, Batia; Wallach, David
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Med., "T." Ichilov Hosp., Tel Aviv-Jaffa, 64239, Israel
 SOURCE: Lymphokine and Cytokine Research (1992), 11(3), 157-9
 CODEN: LCREEY; ISSN: 1056-5477
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

AB Sol. forms of the two receptors for tumor necrosis factor (TNF) are present in human sera at concns. that increase greatly in various disease states as well as varying among healthy individuals. Measurements of the sol. TNF receptor (sTNF-R) concns. in healthy individuals at time lapses of 3 mo (17 individuals) or 1 yr (51 individuals) showed a significant correlation between the first and the second measurements from each individual, implying that individual differences are stable. Since the sTNF-Rs are believed to function as physiol. attenuators of TNF activity, these steady individual differences may contribute to differences in the severity of harmful effects of TNF in disease states.

L1 ANSWER 17 OF 17 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:446021 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:46021
 TITLE: Soluble and cell surface receptors for tumor necrosis factor
 AUTHOR(S): Wallach, D.; Engelmann, H.; Nophar, Y.; Aderka, D.; Kemper, O.; **Hornik, V.**; Holtmann, H.; Brakebusch, C.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Mol. Genet. Virol., Weizmann Inst. Sci., Rehovot, 76100, Israel
 SOURCE: Agents and Actions Supplements (1991), 35(Prog. Inflammation Res. Ther.), 51-7

CODEN: AASUDJ; ISSN: 0379-0363
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review
 LANGUAGE: English

AB A review with 31 refs. Tumor necrosis factor (TNF) initiates its multiple effects on cell function by binding at a high affinity to specific cell surface receptors. Two different mol. species of these receptors, which are expressed differentially in different cells, have been identified. The cDNAs of both receptors have recently been cloned. The intracellular domains of the two receptors differ in structure, suggesting that they mediate different activities. Their extracellular domains, however, are structurally related. Both contain cysteine-rich repeats which are homologous to repeated structures found in the extracellular domains of the nerve growth factor receptor and the CDw40 protein. Truncated sol. forms of the two receptors, corresponding to these cysteine-rich repeated structures, have been detected in human urine and were later found to be present also in the serum. The serum levels of those sol. TNF receptors increase dramatically in certain pathol. situations. Release of the sol. receptors from the cells seems to occur by proteolytic cleavage of the cell surface forms and appears to be a way of down-regulating the cell response to TNF. Because of their ability to bind TNF, the sol. receptors exert an inhibitory effect on TNF function, and may thus act as physiol. attenuators of its activity.

=>
 =>

=> d stat que 12

L1 17 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("HORNIK V"/AU OR "HORNIK V"/IN OR "HORNIK VERED"/AU OR "HORNIK VERED"/IN)
 L2 9 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("AFARGAN M"/AU OR "AFARGAN M"/IN OR "AFARGAN MICH EL M"/AU OR "AFARGAN MICH EL M"/IN OR "AFARGAN MICHAEL"/AU OR "AFARGAN MICHEL"/AU OR "AFARGAN MICHEL M"/AU OR "AFARGAN MICHEL M"/IN OR "AFARGAN MISHEL"/AU) NOT L1

=>
 =>

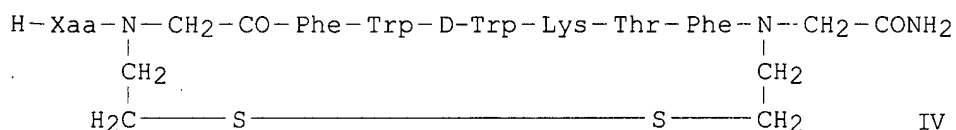
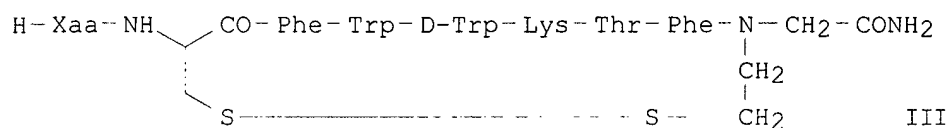
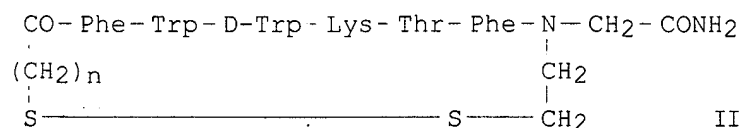
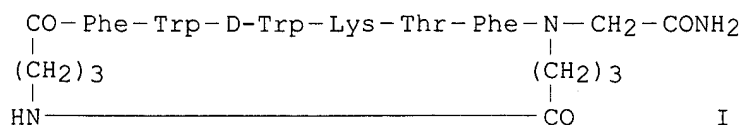
=> d ibib abs hitrn 12 1-9

L2 ANSWER 1 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:425744 HCAPLUS
 TITLE: Synthesis of novel protected N.alpha.(o-thioalkyl) amino acid building units and their incorporation into backbone cyclic disulfide bridged peptides
 AUTHOR(S): Gazal, Sharon; Gellerman, Gary; Karpov, Olga; Litman, Pninit; Bracha, Moshe; **Afargan, Michel**; Gilon, Chaim
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Organic Chemistry, Hebrew University, Jerusalem, 91904, Israel
 SOURCE: Innovation and Perspectives in Solid Phase Synthesis & Combinatorial Libraries: Peptides, Proteins and Nucleic Acids--Small Molecule Organic Chemistry Diversity, Collected Papers, International Symposium, 7th, Southampton, United Kingdom, Sept. 18-22, 2001 (2002), Meeting Date 2001, 189-191. Editor(s): Epton, Roger. Mayflower Worldwide Ltd.: Kingswinford, UK.
 CODEN: 69DYT7; ISBN: 0-9515735-4-3
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference
 LANGUAGE: English
 AB Unavailable
 REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L2 ANSWER 2 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:692513 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:117735
 TITLE: Human somatostatin receptor specificity of backbone-cyclic analogs containing novel sulfur building units
 AUTHOR(S): Gazal, Sharon; Gellerman, Gary; Ziv, Ofer; Karpov, Olga; Litman, Pninit; Bracha, Moshe; **Afargan, Michel**; Gilon, Chaim
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Organic Chemistry, Hebrew University, Jerusalem, 91904, Israel
 SOURCE: Peptides: The Wave of the Future, Proceedings of the Second International and the Seventeenth American Peptide Symposium, San Diego, CA, United States, June 9-14, 2001 (2001), 626-627. Editor(s): Lebl, Michal; Houghten, Richard A. American Peptide Society: San Diego, Calif.
 CODEN: 69DBAL; ISBN: 0-9715560-0-8
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference
 LANGUAGE: English
 AB The synthesis and the biol. properties of novel disulfide bridged backbone cyclic somatostatin analogs were examd. These analogs were prepd. to investigate the influence of the ring size and ring chem. on the binding profile of a parent analog named PTR 3173. PTR 3173 is 1000-fold more potent in the in vivo inhibition of growth hormone (GH) than of glucagon and 10,000-fold more potent inhibitor of GH than of insulin release. This pharmacol. property is ascribed to the unique binding profile of PTR 3173 and it was suggested that the binding to a specific combination of somatostatin receptors and not a single receptor detcs. the physiol. properties of the SST analog. Studies of binding of PTP 73 disulfide-bridged, backbone cyclic analogs to SSTR receptors suggest the effect of ring chem., ring size, and ring position of the peptide template on receptor binding selectivity. The disulfide analogs of PTR 3173 were also highly resistant to a broad spectrum of proteolytic activity compared to somatostatin that was degraded within a few minutes.
 REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L2 ANSWER 3 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:197431 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:386384
 TITLE: Human Somatostatin Receptor Specificity of Backbone-Cyclic Analogues Containing Novel Sulfur Building Units
 AUTHOR(S): Gazal, Sharon; Gellerman, Garry; Ziv, Ofer; Karpov, Olga; Litman, Pninit; Bracha, Moshe; **Afargan, Michel**; Gilon, Chaim
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Organic Chemistry, Hebrew University, Jerusalem, 91904, Israel
 SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2002), 45(8), 1665-1671
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 GI



AB Somatostatin-14 (somatostatin) and its clin. available analogs (octreotide, lanreotide and vapreotide) are potent inhibitors of growth hormone, insulin, and glucagon release. Recently, the synthesis of PTR-3173 (I), a novel cyclic somatostatin analog with in vivo endocrine selectivity, was described. I exhibited high affinity to human recombinant somatostatin receptors (hsst) hsst2, hsst4 and hsst5. Its novel binding profile included potent in vivo inhibition of growth hormone but not of insulin release. Here, the synthesis, bioactivity, and structure-activity relationship studies of peptides II (n = 1, 2), III (Xaa = nil, D-Phe) and IV (Xaa = nil, D-Phe, D-Nal) are reported and compared to those of I. In II-IV, the lactam bridge of I was replaced by a backbone disulfide bridge. II-IV showed significant metabolic stability as tested in various enzyme mixts. The receptor binding assays for II-IV revealed that their selectivity had increased towards hsst2 and hsst5, but decreased towards hsst4 in comparison to I. In addn., this work also described the synthesis of sulfur-contg. building units, such as Acn-S-CH₂CH₂N(Fmoc)CH₂CO₂H (Acn = acetamidomethyl), for incorporation into peptides as groups capable of forming disulfide bridges.

REFERENCE COUNT: 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L2 ANSWER 4 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:783790 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:151429

TITLE: A bioactive somatostatin analog without a type II' .beta.-turn: synthesis and conformational analysis in solution

AUTHOR(S): Jiang, Shaokai; Gazal, Sharon; Gelerman, Gary; Ziv, Ofer; Karpov, Olga; Litman, Pninit; Bracha, Moshe; **Afargan, Michael**; Gilon, Chaim; Goodman, Murray

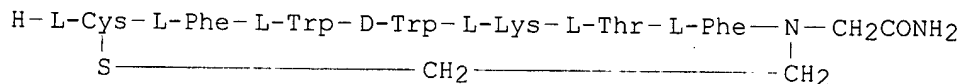
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, CA, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Peptide Science (2001), 7(10), 521-528, 2 plates

CODEN: JPSIEI; ISSN: 1075-2617

PUBLISHER: John Wiley & Sons Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 GI



I

AB A cyclic somatostatin analog I has been synthesized. Biol. assays show that this compd. has strong binding affinities to somatostatin hsst2 and hsst5 receptor subtypes (5.2 and 1.2 nM, resp., and modest affinity to hsst4 (41.1 nM)). Our conformational anal. carried out in DMSO-d6 indicates that this compd. exists as two structures arising from the trans and cis configurations of the peptide bond between Phe7 and N-alkylated Gly8. However, neither conformer exhibits a type II' .beta.-turn. This is the first report of a potent bioactive somatostatin analog that does not exhibit a type II' .beta.-turn in soln. Mol. dynamics simulations (500 ps) carried out at 300 K indicate that the backbone of compd. I is more flexible than other cyclic somatostatin analogs formed by disulfide bonds.

REFERENCE COUNT: 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L2 ANSWER 5 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:607431 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:313821

TITLE: A novel somatostatin analogue prevents early renal complications in the nonobese diabetic mouse

AUTHOR(S): Landau, Daniel; Segev, Yael; **Afargan, Michel**; Silbergeld, Aviva; Katchko, Leonid; Podshyvalov, Andrey; Phillip, Moshe

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pediatrics and Pathology, Laboratory of Molecular Endocrinology, University of the Negev, Beer Sheva, Israel

SOURCE: Kidney International (2001), 60(2), 505-512
 CODEN: KDYIA5; ISSN: 0085-2538

PUBLISHER: Blackwell Science, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB PTR-3173 (S) is a novel somatostatin analog that has been found to exert a prolonged inhibitory action on the growth hormone (GH)-insulin-like growth factor (IGF)-I axis, but not on insulin secretion. The authors investigated the potential effect of this agent on the development of markers of diabetic nephropathy in the nonobese diabetic (NOD) mouse model of insulin-dependent diabetes. Female diabetic NOD mice treated with PTR-3173 (DS group) or saline (D) and their control groups of nonhyperglycemic age-matched littermates (C) and C mice treated with PTR-3173 (CS) were sacrificed 3 wk after onset of diabetes. Serum GH was elevated in the D group, decreased in the DS group, and unchanged in the CS group. Serum IGF-I was significantly decreased in both the D and DS groups. Kidney wt., glomerular vol., albuminuria, and creatinine clearance were increased in the D animals and showed a trend toward normalization in the DS animals. Renal extractable IGF-I protein and IGFBP1 mRNA were increased in the D group and normalized in the DS group. GH antagonism by PTR-3173 has a blunting effect on renal/glomerular hypertrophy, albuminuria, and glomerular filtration rate (GFR) in diabetic NOD mice. This phenomenon is apparently assocd. with the prevention of renal IGF-I accumulation. Thus, modulation of GH effects may have beneficial therapeutic implications in diabetic nephropathy.

REFERENCE COUNT: 44 THERE ARE 44 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L2 ANSWER 6 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:51142 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:95704

TITLE: Novel long-acting somatostatin analog with endocrine selectivity: potent suppression of growth hormone but not of insulin

AUTHOR(S): Afargan, Michel; Janson, Eva Tiensuu; Gelerman, Garry; Rosenfeld, Rakefet; Ziv, Offer; Karpov, Olga; Wolf, Amnon; Bracha, Moshe; Shohat, Dvira; Liapakis, George; Gilon, Chaim; Hoffman, Amnon; Stephensky, David; Oberg, Kjell

CORPORATE SOURCE: Peptor Ltd., Kiryat Weizmann, Rehovot, 76326, Israel

SOURCE: Endocrinology (2001), 142(1), 477-486

CODEN: ENDOAO; ISSN: 0013-7227

PUBLISHER: Endocrine Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Somatostatin, also known as somatotropin release-inhibiting factor (SRIF), is a natural cyclic peptide inhibitor of pituitary, pancreatic, and gastrointestinal secretion. Its long-acting analogs are in clin. use for treatment of various endocrine syndromes and gastrointestinal anomalies. These analogs are more potent inhibitors of the endocrine release of GH, glucagon, and insulin than the native SRIF; hence, they do not display considerable physiol. selectivity. Our goal was to design effective and physiol. selective SRIF analogs with potential therapeutic value. We employed an integrated approach consisting of screening of backbone cyclic peptide libraries constructed on the basis of mol. modeling of known SRIF agonists and of high throughput receptor binding assays with each of the five cloned human SRIF receptors (hsst1-5). By using this approach, we identified a novel, high affinity, enzymically stable, and long-acting SRIF analog, PTR-3173, which binds with nanomolar affinity to human SRIF receptors hsst2, hsst4, and hsst5. The hsst5 and the rat sst5 (rsst5) forms have the same nanomolar affinity for this analog. In the human carcinoid-derived cell line BON-1, PTR-3173 inhibits forskolin-stimulated cAMP accumulation as efficiently as the drug octreotide, indicating its agonistic effect in this human cell system. In hormone secretion studies with rats, we found that PTR-3173 is 1000-fold and more than 10,000-fold more potent in inhibiting GH release than glucagon and insulin release, resp. These results suggest that PTR-3173 is the first highly selective somatostatinergic analog for the in vivo inhibition of GH secretion, with minimal or no effect on glucagon and insulin release, resp.

REFERENCE COUNT: 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L2 ANSWER 7 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:446757 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:175956

TITLE: Design, Synthesis, and Biological Activities of Potent and Selective Somatostatin Analogs Incorporating Novel Peptoid Residues

AUTHOR(S): Tran, Thuy-Anh; Mattern, Ralph-Heiko; Afargan, Michel; Amitay, Oved; Ziv, Ofer; Morgan, Barry

CORPORATE SOURCE: A.; Taylor, John E.; Hoyer, Daniel; Goodman, Murray
Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of California at San Diego, La Jolla, CA, 92093-0343, USA

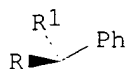
SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1998), 41(15), 2679-2685

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

Mo
Date Mo
Good

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 GI



--- Phe -NCH₂CO Phe-D-Trp-Lys-Thr

I

AB The authors report the synthesis, bioactivity, and structure-activity relationship studies of compds. I (R = R₁ = H; R = Me, R₁ = H; R = H, R₁ = Me), related to the Merck cyclic hexapeptide cyclo(Pro6-Phe7-D-Trp8-Lys9-Thr10-Phe11), L-363,301 (the numbering in the sequence refers to the position of the residues in native somatostatin). The Pro residue in L-363,301 is replaced with arylalkyl peptoid residues. The authors present a novel approach utilizing .beta.-Me chiral substitutions to constrain the peptoid side-chain conformation. These studies led to mols. which show potent binding and increased selectivity to the hsst2 receptor (weaker binding to the hsst3 and hsst5 receptors compared to L-363,301). In vivo, these peptoid analogs selectively inhibit the release of growth hormone but have no effect on the inhibition of insulin. The biol. assays which include binding to five recombinant human somatostatin receptors carried out in two independent labs. and in vivo inhibition of growth hormone and insulin provide insight into the relationship between structure and biol. activity of somatostatin analogs. These results have important implications for the study of other peptide hormones and neurotransmitters.

REFERENCE COUNT: 37 THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L2 ANSWER 8 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:595005 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:195005

TITLE: Differential effects of various antiinflammatory drugs on theophylline neurotoxicity

AUTHOR(S): Hoffman, Amnon; Afargan, Mishel; Pinto, Evelyn; Gilhar, Dalia; Backon, Joshua

CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Pharm., Hebrew Univ. Jerusalem, Jerusalem, 91120, Israel

SOURCE: Pharmacology, Biochemistry and Behavior (1994), 49(2), 335-9

CODEN: PBBHAU; ISSN: 0091-3057

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The purpose of the present investigation was to evaluate whether antiinflammatory drugs affect the pharmacodynamics of theophylline-induced seizures. Adult male Lewis rats were treated with either dexamethasone (DEX), hydrocortisone (HYD), ibuprofen (IBU), or mefenamic acid (MFA), for 4 consecutive days. On the fourth day they received a const. infusion of theophylline (2 mg/min IV) until the onset of maximal seizures. Then, blood and cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) were obtained for theophylline concn. detns. by HPLC. It was found that pretreatment with the corticosteroids DEX and HYD elevated the CSF theophylline concn. required to induce maximal seizures in comparison to the untreated rats (242 .+- 6, 232 .+- 6, and 203 .+- 10 mg/L, resp., n = 10, p < 0.05). MFA also increased the CSF theophylline concn. at that end-point in comparison to the controls (p < 0.01), whereas pretreatment with IBU had no effect (280 .+- 10 MFA, 225 .+- 9 IBU vs. 220 .+- 8 controls, n = 12). The data suggests that

concomitant treatment with antiinflammatory drugs, together with theophylline, do not increase the risk for theophylline-induced seizures. Moreover, in certain cases they may elevate the seizure threshold and protect against these hazardous episodes.

L2 ANSWER 9 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:182368 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:182368
TITLE: Cyclosporine enhances theophylline neurotoxicity in rats
AUTHOR(S): Hoffman, Amnon; Pinto, Evelyne; Afargan, Mishel; Schattner, Amichai
CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Pharm., Hebrew Univ., Jerusalem, 91120, Israel
SOURCE: Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (1994), 83(4), 559-61
CODEN: JPMSAE; ISSN: 0022-3549
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

AB Treatment with cyclosporine may be assocd. with adverse central nervous system (CNS) effects as well as with the potentiation of effects of certain other drugs. In particular, theophylline-induced seizures, which are often fatal and occur unpredictably over a wide range of serum theophylline concns., may be pptd.. To study this interaction, adult rats that were injected with cyclosporine or placebo (50 mg/kg in a single dose or on each of four consecutive days) received a const. infusion of theophylline (2 mg/min i.v.) until the onset of maximal seizures. At that time, blood, cerebrospinal fluid (CSF), and brain tissue samples were obtained for theophylline concn. detns. by HPLC, as well as for measurement of several biochem. parameters in the serum. Consecutive cyclosporine administration (but not a single dose) reduced serum protein levels. There was a small increase in theophylline sensitivity after a single dose of cyclosporine. The CSF theophylline concns. at the onset of seizures were 215 vs 202 mg/L; however, sequential cyclosporine treatment resulted in significant lowering of the CSF theophylline concns. required to produce convulsions (231 vs 191). Likewise, the drug concns. at the onset of convulsions in both the brain and serum were significantly lower in cyclosporine-treated rats than in control animals. Thus, cyclosporine treatment may be a predisposing factor for theophylline toxicity and increase the risk for generalized seizures.

=>
=>

=> d stat que 13

L1 17 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("HORNİK V"/AU OR "HORNİK VERED"/IN)
L2 9 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("AFARGAN M"/AU OR "AFARGAN M"/IN OR "AFARGAN MICH EL M"/AU OR "AFARGAN MICH EL M"/IN OR "AFARGAN MICHAEL"/AU OR "AFARGAN MICHEL"/AU OR "AFARGAN MICHEL M"/AU OR "AFARGAN MICHEL M"/IN OR "AFARGAN MISHEL"/AU) NOT L1
(L3) 12 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("GELLERMAN G"/AU OR "GELLERMAN N G"/IN OR "GELLERMAN GARI"/AU OR "GELLERMAN GARY"/AU OR "GELLERMAN GARY"/IN) NOT (L1 OR L2)

=>
=>

=> d ibib abs hitrn 13 1-12

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:536576 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:241819
 TITLE: Toward a PKB Inhibitor: Modification of a Selective PKA Inhibitor by Rational Design
 AUTHOR(S): Reuveni, Hadas; Livnah, Nurit; Geiger, Tamar; Klein, Shoshana; Ohne, Osnat; Cohen, Ilana; Benhar, Moran; Gellerman, Gary; Levitzki, Alexander
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biological Chemistry, The Silverman Institute of Life Sciences, Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Jerusalem, Israel
 SOURCE: Biochemistry (2002), 41(32), 10304-10314
 CODEN: BICHAW; ISSN: 0006-2960
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

AB Protein kinase B/Akt (PKB) is an anti-apoptotic protein kinase that has strongly elevated activity in human malignancies. We therefore initiated a program to develop PKB inhibitors, "Aktstatins". We screened about 500 compds. for PKB inhibitors, using a radioactive assay and an ELISA assay that we established for this purpose. These compds. were produced as combinatorial libraries, designed using the structure of the selective PKA inhibitor H-89 as a starting point. We have identified a successful lead compd., which inhibits PKB activity in vitro and in cells overexpressing active PKB. The new compd. shows reversed selectivity to H-89: In contrast to H-89, which inhibits PKA 70 times better than PKB, the new compd., NL-71-101, inhibits PKB 2.4-fold better than PKA. The new compd., but not H-89, induces apoptosis in tumor cells in which PKB is amplified. We have identified structural features in NL-71-101 that are significant for the specificity and that can be used for future development and optimization of PKB inhibitors.

REFERENCE COUNT: 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:203445 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:386388
 TITLE: Synthesis of novel protected N.alpha.(.omega.-thioalkyl) amino acid building units and their incorporation in backbone cyclic disulfide and thioetheric bridged peptides
 AUTHOR(S): Gazal, S.; Gellerman, G.; Glukhov, E.; Gilon, C.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Organic Chemistry, Hebrew University, Jerusalem, Israel
 SOURCE: Journal of Peptide Research (2001), 58(6), 527-539
 CODEN: JPERFA; ISSN: 1397-002X
 PUBLISHER: Munksgaard International Publishers Ltd.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

AB General methods for the prepn. of protected N.alpha.(.omega.-thioalkyl) amino acids building units for backbone cyclization using reductive alkylation and on-resin prepn. are described. The synthesis of non-Gly Fmoc-protected S-functionalized N-alkylated amino acids is based on the reaction of readily prepd. protected .omega.-thio aldehyde with the appropriate amino acid. Prepn. of Fmoc-protected S-functionalized N-alkylated Gly building units was carried out using two methods: reaction of glyoxylic acid with AcM-thioalkylamine and an on-resin reaction of bromoacetyl resin with Trt-thioalkylamines. Three model peptides were prepd. using these building units. The GlyS2 building unit was incorporated into a backbone cyclic analog of somatostatin that contains a disulfide bridge. Formation of the disulfide bridge was performed by on-resin oxidn. using I2 or TI(CF3COO-)-3. Both methods resulted in the desired product in a high degree of purity in the crude. The AspS3 building unit was also successfully incorporated into a model peptide. In

addn., the in situ generation of sulfur contg. Gly building units was demonstrated on a Substance P backbone cyclic analog contg. a thioether bridge.

REFERENCE COUNT: 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:296349 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:77069

TITLE: Facile synthesis of orthogonally protected amino acid building blocks for combinatorial N-backbone cyclic peptide chemistry

AUTHOR(S): Gellerman, G.; Elgavi, A.; Salitra, Y.; Kramer, M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Peptor Ltd, Rehovot, 76326, Israel

SOURCE: Journal of Peptide Research (2001), 57(4), 277-291

CODEN: JPERFA; ISSN: 1397-002X

PUBLISHER: Munksgaard International Publishers Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 135:77069

AB Protected N.alpha.-(aminoallyloxycarbonyl) and N.alpha.-(carboxyallyl) derivs. of all natural amino acids (except proline), and their chiral inverters, were synthesized using facile and efficient methods and were then used in the synthesis of N.alpha.-backbone cyclic peptides. Synthetic pathways for the prepn. of the amino acid building units included alkylation, reductive amination and Michael addn. using alkylhalides, aldehydes and .alpha.,.beta.-unsatd. carbonyl compds., and the corresponding amino acids. The resulting amino acid pronits were then subjected to Fmoc protection affording optically pure amino acid building units. The appropriate synthetic pathway for each amino acid was chosen according to the nature of the side-chain, resulting in fully orthogonal trifunctional building units for the solid-phase peptide synthesis of small cyclic analogs of peptide loops (SCAPLs). N.alpha.-amino groups of building units were protected by Fmoc, functional side-chains were protected by t-Bu/Boc/Trt and N-alkylamino or N-alkylcarboxyl were protected by Alloc or Allyl, resp. This facile method allows easy prodn. of a large variety of amino acid building units in a short time, and is successfully employed in combinatorial chem. as well as in large-scale solid-phase peptide synthesis. These building units have significant advantage in the synthesis of peptido-related drugs.

REFERENCE COUNT: 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 4 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:894549 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:208088

TITLE: In situ generation of Fmoc amino acid chlorides for extremely difficult couplings to sterically hindered secondary amines in solid-phase peptide synthesis

AUTHOR(S): Falb, Eliezer; Yechezkel, Tamar; Salitra, Yosphe; Gellerman, Gary; Muller, Dan; Gilon, Chaim

CORPORATE SOURCE: Peptor Ltd., Rehovot, 76326, Israel

SOURCE: Peptides for the New Millennium, Proceedings of the American Peptide Symposium, 16th, Minneapolis, MN, United States, June 26-July 1, 1999 (2000), Meeting Date 1999, 55-57. Editor(s): Fields, Gregg B.; Tam, James P.; Barany, George. Kluwer Academic Publishers: Dordrecht, Neth.

CODEN: 69ATHX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference

LANGUAGE: English

AB A symposium report. Bis(trichloromethyl)carbonate (BTC) is used to generate, in-situ, Fmoc-amino acid chlorides for their use in difficult peptide coupling reactions in solid-phase peptide synthesis.

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 5 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:763934 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:218394
 TITLE: Tumor and other cell growth- and differentiation-related biological applications of alkaloids derived from the tunicate Eudistoma sp., and purifn., characterization, and synthesis of compds.
 INVENTOR(S): Spector, Ilan; Shochet, Nava R.; Kashman, Yoel; Rudi, Amira; Gellerman, Gary
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Research Foundation of State University of New York, USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 42 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,278,168.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5432172	A	19950711	US 1993-28322	19930309
US 5278168	A	19940111	US 1992-924194	19920803
WO 9403433	A1	19940217	WO 1993-US7201	19930730
W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SK, UA, US, VN				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9349957	A1	19940303	AU 1993-49957	19930730
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1992-924194	A2 19920803
			US 1993-28322	A 19930309
			WO 1993-US7201	W 19930730

AB Biol. applications of synthetic and natural alkaloids derived from the tunicate Eudistoma sp. are disclosed. A method regulating cell growth includes contacting one or more cells with an effective concn. of a compd. for regulating cell growth. These compds. include: Segoline A, Segoline B, Isosegoline A, Norosegoline, Debromoshermilamine, Eilatin, 4-methylpyrido[2,3,4-kl]acridine, pyrido[2,3,4-kl]acridine, 1-acetyl-2,6-dimethylpyrido[2,3,4-kl]acridine, and derivs. and combinations of these compds. An effective concn. range for using these compds. can range from approx. 0.1 .mu.M to 100 .mu.M. The effective concn. range for Eilatin, the most potent of these compds. is from 0.01 .mu.M to 0.99 .mu.M, and the effective concn. range for the other compds. of the present invention is from about 1.0 .mu.M to 100 .mu.M. The method has been shown to suppress growth of tumor cells, to induce differentiation of the tumor cells, and induce reverse transformation of the tumor cells. In transformed cells, the method induces reverse transformation. The method also inhibits the proliferation of cells. The examples show that the method of the present invention affects cAMP-mediated biol. processes. At the effective concns. of the compds., this method affects the cAMP-mediated biol. processes of cells to achieve the results described above. Isolation, purifn., and characterization of the Eudistoma alkaloids are described, as are derivatization and chem. transformation, biol. and biochem. studies, and biomimetic synthesis of pyrido[k,l]acridines and of Eilatin.

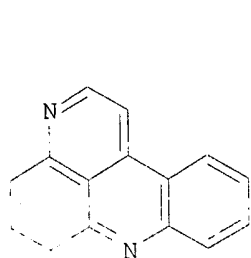
L3 ANSWER 6 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:743917 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:160277
 TITLE: Potent antileukemic activity of the novel agents
 norsegoline and dibezine
 AUTHOR(S): Einat, Michal; Nagler, Arnon; Lishner, Michael; Amiel,
 Aliza; Yarkoni, Shai; Rudi, Amira; **Gellerman,**
Gary; Kashman, Yoel; Fabian, Ina
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department Cell Biology Histology, Tel Aviv
 University, Tel Aviv-Jaffa, 69978, Israel
 SOURCE: Clinical Cancer Research (1995), 1(8), 823-9
 CODEN: CCREF4; ISSN: 1078-0432
 PUBLISHER: American Association for Cancer Research
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

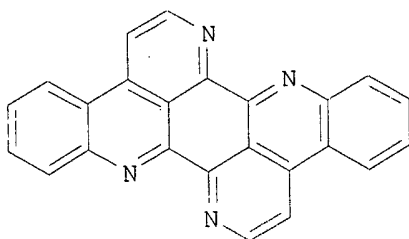
AB The effects of norsegoline, a natural marine product, and dibezine, a
 synthetic product, on the survival of human myeloid progenitor cells
 [colony-forming unit-cells (CFU-C)] from normal individuals and from 10
 patients with Philadelphia-pos. chronic myelogenous leukemia (CML) in
 chronic phase and blastic crisis were examd. and their effects were
 compared to the effect of IFN-.alpha.. Results indicate that norsegoline
 and dibezine have in vitro an antileukemic effect against
 Philadelphia-pos. cells and may be used in conjunction with currently
 available agents for ex vivo purging of BM and/or peripheral blood of CML
 patients in conjunction with autologous bone marrow transplantation.

L3 ANSWER 7 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

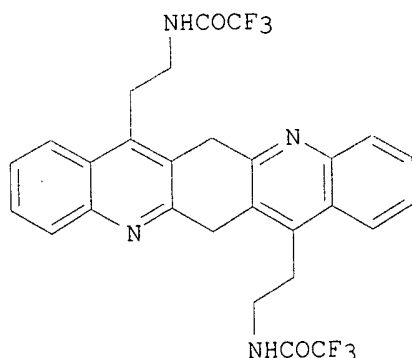
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:224760 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:133489
 TITLE: The biomimetic synthesis of marine alkaloid related
 pyrido- and pyrrolo[2,3,4-k]acridines
 AUTHOR(S): **Gellerman, Gari**; Rudi, Amira; Kashman, Yoel
 CORPORATE SOURCE: School of Chemistry, Tel Aviv Univ., Ramat Aviv,
 69978, Israel
 SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1994), 50(45), 12959-72
 CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 122:133489
 GI



I



II



III

AB A biomimetic reaction between .beta.,.beta.'-diaminoketones (e.g. kynuramine, kynurenine or o,o'-diaminobenzophenone) and a variety of cyclohexanediones and quinones leading to pyrido[2,3,4-kl]acridines is described. The synthesis of several di- and tetrahydropyrido[2,3,4-kl]acridine derivs., e.g. I, as well as benzoderivatives of the marine alkaloids eilatin and ascididemin has been accomplished. Addnl., the new heterocycles isoeilatin (II), and diazepentacene III have also been synthesized. All newly prepd. heterocycles have been fully characterized by IR, mass spectra and mainly by NMR spectroscopy. An analogous synthesis has been developed for pyrrolo[2,3,4-kl]acridines, the heterocyclic core of the bioactive marine alkaloids the plankinidines.

L3 ANSWER 8 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:557945 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:157945

TITLE: Preparation of Eudistoma alkaloids as neoplasm inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Spector, Ilan; Shochet, Nava R.; Kashman, Yoel; Rudi, Amira; **Gellerman, Gary**

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Research Foundation of State University of New York, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 109 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English

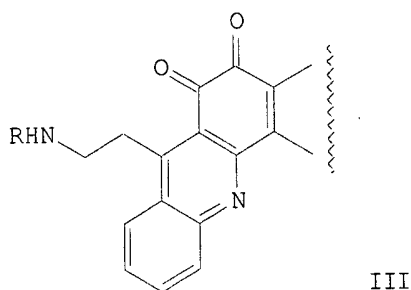
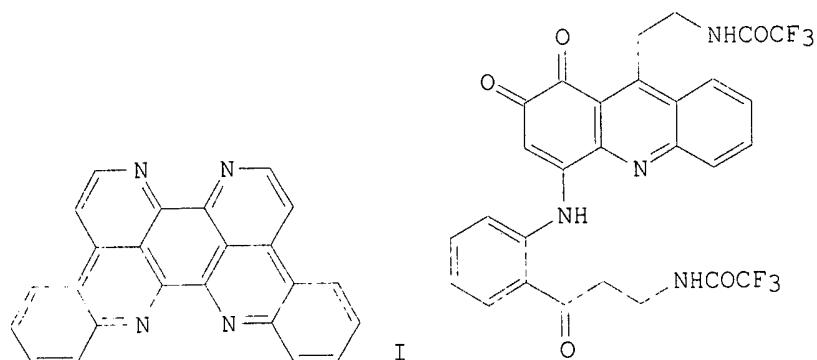
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9403433	A1	19940217	WO 1993-US7201	19930730
W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SK, UA, US, VN				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE,				

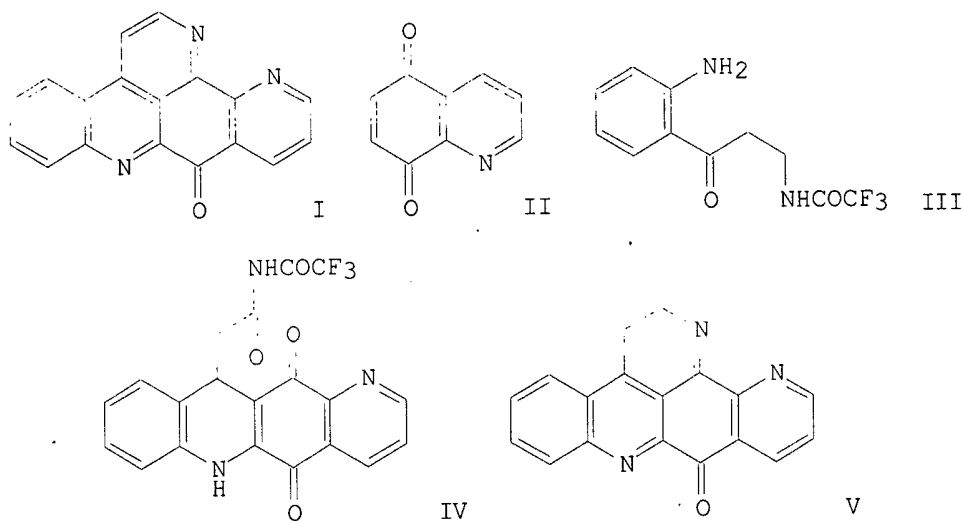
	BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
US 5278168	A 19940111
US 5432172	A 19950711
AU 9349957	A1 19940303
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	
	US 1992-924194 19920803
	US 1993-28322 19930309
	AU 1993-49957 19930730
	US 1992-924194 A2 19920803
	US 1993-28322 A 19930309
	WO 1993-US7201 W 19930730

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 121:157945
GI



AB Biol. applications of synthetic and natural alkaloids derived from the tunicate *Eudistoma* sp., as well as the prepn. of synthetic pyridoacridines, and methods for the synthesis of Eilatin are disclosed. These compds. include: Segoline A, Segoline B, Iseogoline A, Norosegoline, Debromoshermilamine, Eilatin (I), 4-methylpyrido[2,3,4-kl]acridine, pyrido[2,3,4-kl]acridine, 1-acetyl-2,6-dimethylpyrido[2,3,4-kl]acridine, and derivs. and combinations of these compds. Thus, 2-(H₂N)C₆H₄COCH₂CH₂NHCOCF₃ was cyclocondensed with catechol in the presence of NaIO₃ to give acridinedione II which was treated with BF₃.Et₂O to give III (R = COCF₃). The latter was treated with NH₃/MeOH to give I. Data for biol. activity of title compds. were given in graphic form.

L3 ANSWER 9 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:323977 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:323977
TITLE: Biomimetic synthesis of ascididemin and derivatives
AUTHOR(S): Gellerman, Gari; Rudi, Amira; Kashman, Yoel
CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Chem., Tel Aviv Univ., Tel Aviv, 69978, Israel
SOURCE: Synthesis (1994), (3), 239-41
CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 120:323977
GI



AB A two-step biomimetic synthesis of the pentacyclic pyrido[2,3,4-kl]acridine marine alkaloid ascididemin (I) from quinolinequinone II and N-trifluoroacetamidokynuramine (III) was achieved. The crucial step (IV to V) involves the simultaneous formation of two pyridine rings in a process which might well offer an explanation for the biogenetic synthesis in marine organisms. The prepn. of substituted ascididemins by either starting from substituted quinoline-quinones to afford 11-methoxyascididemin, or by nitration of to the mono 1- or 3-nitroascididemins was achieved.

L3 ANSWER 10 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:428417 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:28417

TITLE: A two step biomimetic total synthesis of eilatin

AUTHOR(S): Gellerman, Gari; Babad, Malca; Kashman, Yoel

CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Chem., Tel Aviv Univ., Tel Aviv, 69978, Israel

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1993), 34(11), 1827-30

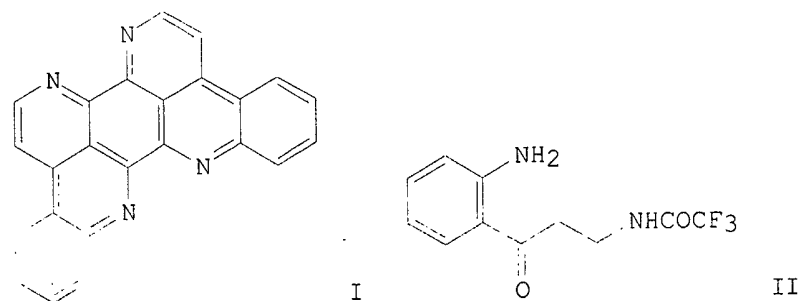
CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 119:28417

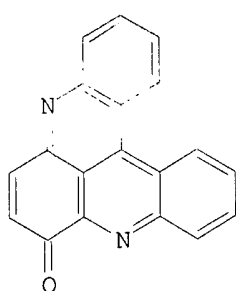
GI



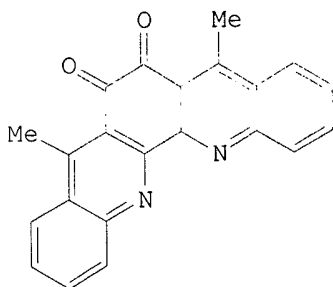
AB The sym. tetraaza heptacyclic alkaloid eilatin (I) was synthesized in a biomimetic two step reaction from catechol and trifluoroacetylkynuramine (II) under oxidative conditions in the first step (aq. EtOH, NaIO₃) and basic conditions (ammoniacal MeOH, DMAP) in the second. Two other unsuccessful approaches, one leading to 7-phenylascididemin, are described.

L3 ANSWER 11 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

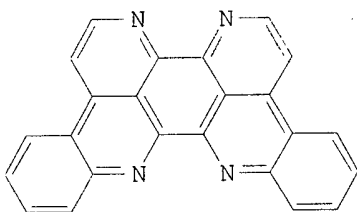
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:428416 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:28416
 TITLE: Biomimetic synthesis of pyrido[2,3,4-k,l]acridines
 AUTHOR(S): Gellerman, Gari; Rudi, Amira; Kashman, Yoel
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Chem., Tel Aviv Univ., Tel Aviv, 69978, Israel
 SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1993), 34(11), 1823-6
 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 119:28416
 GI



I



II



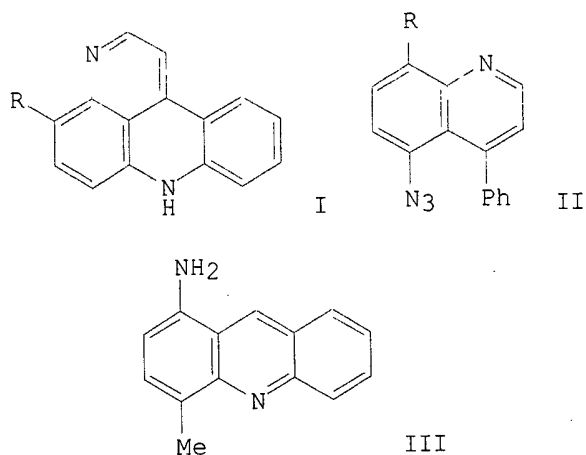
III

AB A short new biomimetic route to the pyrido[2,3,4-kl]acridine ring system has been developed from readily available benzoquinone, or hydroquinone precursors, and .beta.,.beta.'-diaminoketones like kynuramine (2-H₂NC₆H₄COCH₂CH₂NH₂) or 2,2'-diaminobenzophenone, involving one key step. Pyrido[2,3,4-kl]acridine and closely related compds., e.g. I, were prepd. The reaction has been shown to proceed to the formation of 1:1 and/or 1:2 quinone/amine adducts. Using of o-aminoacetophenone afforded dibenzo[1,10]phenanthroline-1,10-dione (II) a potential intermediate to eilatin (III).

L3 ANSWER 12 OF 12 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:651608 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:251608
 TITLE: Synthesis of pyrido[2,3,4-kl]acridines. A building block for the synthesis of pyridoacridine alkaloids
 AUTHOR(S): Gellerman, Gari; Rudi, Amira; Kashman, Yoel
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Chem., Tel Aviv Univ., Tel Aviv-Jaffa, 69978, Israel

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1992), 33(38), 5577-80
 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 117:251608
 GI



AB Two new syntheses have been developed for the prepn. of substituted pyrido[2,3,4-kl]acridines, e.g. I (R = Me, H). The first synthesis involves a Skraup reaction and a nitrene insertion of isoquinoline II, whereas the second includes a new pyridine ring synthesis starting from a 1-amino group on acridine III and taking advantage of the 9-position of the latter heterocycle.

=> fil reg
 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:36:31 ON 20 JUN 2003
 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
 PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
 COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 18 JUN 2003 HIGHEST RN 533863-98-8
 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 18 JUN 2003 HIGHEST RN 533863-98-8

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2003

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=>
 =>

=> d stat que 18

L1 17 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("HORNIK V"/AU OR "HORNIK V"/IN OR "HORNIK VERED"/AU OR "HORNIK VERED"/IN)

L2 9 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("AFARGAN M"/AU OR "AFARGAN M"/IN OR "AFARGAN MICH EL M"/AU OR "AFARGAN MICH EL M"/IN OR "AFARGAN MICHAEL"/AU OR "AFARGAN MICHEL"/AU OR "AFARGAN MICHEL M"/AU OR "AFARGAN MICHEL M"/IN OR "AFARGAN MISHEL"/AU) NOT L1

L3 12 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON ("GELLERMAN G"/AU OR "GELLERMAN N G"/IN OR "GELLERMAN GARI"/AU OR "GELLERMAN GARY"/AU OR "GELLERMAN GARY"/IN) NOT (L1 OR L2)

L4 275 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (237389-68-3/BI OR 237389-69-4/BI OR 252845-39-9/BI OR 38916-34-6/BI OR 203200-47-9/BI OR 252845-37-7/BI OR 252845-42-4/BI OR 9002-72-6/BI OR 9004-10-8/BI OR 174800-07-8/BI OR 174800-08-9/BI OR 174800-09-0/BI OR 174800-10-3/BI OR 174800-11-4/BI OR 174800-12-5/BI OR 174800-13-6/BI OR 174800-14-7/BI OR 174800-15-8/BI OR 174800-16-9/BI OR 174800-17-0/BI OR 188916-89-4/BI OR 188916-90-7/BI OR 188916-92-9/BI OR 188916-94-1/BI OR 188916-96-3/BI OR 188916-98-5/BI OR 188917-00-2/BI OR 188917-02-4/BI OR 188917-04-6/BI OR 188917-06-8/BI OR 188917-08-0/BI OR 188917-10-4/BI OR 188917-12-6/BI OR 188917-14-8/BI OR 188917-16-0/BI OR 188917-17-1/BI OR 188917-18-2/BI OR 188917-19-3/BI OR 188917-20-6/BI OR 188917-21-7/BI OR 188917-22-8/BI OR 188917-23-9/BI OR 188917-24-0/BI OR 188917-25-1/BI OR 188917-26-2/BI OR 188917-27-3/BI OR 188917-29-5/BI OR 188917-31-9/BI OR 188917-32-0/BI OR 188917-34-2/BI OR 188917-35-3/BI OR 188917-37-5/BI OR 188917-38-6/BI OR 188917-40-0/BI OR 188917-42-2/BI OR 188917-44-4/BI OR 188917-46-6/BI OR 188917-47-7/BI OR 188917-50-2/BI OR 188917-53-5/BI OR 188917-55-7/BI OR 188917-58-0/BI OR 188917-61-5/BI OR 188917-64-8/BI OR 188917-67-1/BI OR 188917-70-6/BI OR 188917-73-9/BI OR 188917-76-2/BI OR 188917-79-5/BI OR 188917-82-0/BI OR 188917-85-3/BI OR 188917-88-6/BI OR 188917-91-1/BI OR 188917-94-4/BI OR 188917-98-8/BI OR 188918-02-7/BI OR 188918-06-1/BI OR 188918-09-4/BI OR 188918-13-0/BI OR 188918-16-3/BI OR 188918-19-6/BI OR 188918-22-1/BI OR 188918-25-4/BI OR 188918-26-5/BI OR 188918-27-6/BI OR 188918-28-7/BI OR 188918-29-8/BI OR 188918-30-1/BI OR 188918-31-2/BI OR 188918-32-3/BI OR 188918-33-4/BI OR 188918-34-5/BI OR 188918-35-6/BI OR 188918-36-7/BI OR 188918-37-8/BI OR 188918-38-9/BI OR 203116-91-0/BI OR 203116-92-1/BI OR 203116-93-2/BI OR 203116-9

L5 33 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON FCFWKTCF/SQSP

L6 ① SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L4 AND L5

L7 2 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L6

L8 0 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L7 NOT (L1 OR L2 OR L3)

=> d sqide 16

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 252845-38-8 REGISTRY

CN L-Phenylalaninamide, N-(3-carboxypropyl)-L-phenylalanyl-L-cysteinyl-L-phenylalanyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-threonyl-L-cysteinyl-L-phenylalanyl-N.alpha.-(3-aminopropyl)-, (1.fwdarw.9)-lactam, cyclic (2.fwdarw.7)-disulfide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN PTR 3205

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH

SQL 9

NTE modified (modifications unspecified)

type	location	description
bridge	Phe-1 - Phe-9	lactam

bridge	Cys-2	- Cys-7	disulfide bridge
stereo	Trp-4	-	D

SEQ 1 FCFWKTCFF

=====

HITS AT: 1-8

MF C70 H87 N13 O11 S2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)